Technical Document

Niagara KNXnet IP Driver Guide

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niagara

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Niagara KNXnet/IP Driver Guide

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About this guide

This guide describes how to set up and use the Niagara KNXnet/IP driver.

Document change log

Updates (changes and additions) to this document are listed below.

• Updated: January 11, 2017

Added more FAQ's and Property details

• Updated: January 9, 2017

Added more FAQ's from Beta test feedback

- Updated: January 5, 2017
 Added more FAQ's from Beta test feedback
- Updated: September 28, 2016

Added property details

• Updated: August 4, 2016

Added property topics

• Updated: August 3, 2016

Draft for Beta version x.x.x.x.30

• Updated: July 26, 2016

Added Property reference chapter and draft property topics

• Updated: July 25, 2016

Added comments from Bryce and typos corrected.

Edited About KNX DataDefs,

Edited Points in Fault — KNXnet/IP Interface FAQ,

Added topics for Add Devices to the KNX Network

Added topic for Add Points

• Updated: July 24, 2016

Added About, Examining and Updating KNX Data Defs

Added KNXnet/IP driver conflict FAQ

• Updated: July 16, 2016

Updated with various entries

- Issue to Bryce for comment
- Updated: June 06, 2016

Admin

- Renamed all topic <id> tor HTML output consistency
- Chapters are now Chapter topics
- Source BookMap progressed skeleton
- Initial release document: April 04, 2016

Related Links

• About this guide (Parent Topic)

Related documentation

Several other documents are available for learning how to use the Niagara KNXnet/IP driver.

- Niagara Drivers Guide explains concepts.
- NiagaraAX User Guide explains concepts.

Related Links

• About this guide (Parent Topic)

Getting started

The following topics describe how to get started:

Related Links

- Quick start
- KNX requirements
- <u>KNXnet/IP driver modules</u>

Quick start

The basic steps to configure a Niagara station for communication with a KNX System involves setting up Workbench, commissioning the Supervisor or JACE platform and configuring input proxy points.

- 1. Plan and then configure the KNX system using the ETS software tool.
- 2. Using ETS, **Export** the ETS Project. This will provide the source of KNX system data for the Niagara KNXnet/IP driver.
- 3. Copy the KNXnet/IP driver modules to the Niagara Modules folder in Workbench.
- 4. Commission the Supervisor or JACE platform.
- 5. Set up a KNX Network in the station.
- 6. Set up one or more KNX Devices in the station.
- 7. Set up one or more KNX Points in the station.
- 8. Set up alarms and other components.

Related Links

• Getting started (Parent Topic)

KNX requirements

Requirements include the version of Workbench supported and platform licensing requirements.

Systems Integrator requirements

The procedures in this document assume that you:

• Are Niagara certified and experienced at configuring stations.

KNX Project requirements

Using ETS, **Export** the ETS Project. This will provide the source of KNX system data for the Niagara KNXnet/IP driver.

ETS5™ - My Ki	VX Project Workplace Commis	sioning Diagnostics	Extras Window
Overview	Bus	Catalogs	Settings
Your Proie	cts Project Ar	chivo	
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Platform prerequisites

The KNXnet/IP driver requires a NiagaraAX or Niagara 4 platform that supports Hot Spot VM (virtual machine) from Oracle. It does not support the JACE 2, 4, or 5. The KNXnet/IP driver only supports an IP connection to the KNX network.

Version of Niagara

The KNXnet/IP driver is supported by the following versions of Niagara:

- NiagaraAX-3.8
- Niagara 4.1

Licensing requirements

- The **knxnetIp** feature must be present in both your Niagara Workbench platform **and** station platform licenses.
- Attributes associated with the **knxnetlp** feature are listed below:

Attribute	Description
device.limit	This attribute is common to most Niagara features and it defines the maximum number of devices that can be connected to this driver
history.limit	This attribute is common to most Niagara features and it defines the maximum number of histories that can be used for this feature
installation.limit	This attribute defines the maximum number of KNX Installation that can be connected to this driver
interface.limit	This attribute defines the maximum number of Niagara Platform interfaces that can be connected to this driver
point.limit	This attribute is common to most Niagara features and it defines the maximum number of points used on this feature

schedule.limit	This attribute is common to most Niagara features and it defines the
	maximum number of schedules used on this feature

• Getting started (Parent Topic)

KNXnet/IP driver modules

KNX integration requires Niagara modules for both NiagaraAX and Niagara 4 versions.

NiagaraAX KNX modules

Two modules are required for the KNXnet/IP driver:

- knxnetIp.jar
- docknxnetIp.jar

Niagara 4 KNX modules

Three modules are required for the KNXnet/IP driver:

- knxnetlp-rt.jar
- knxnetlp-doc.jar
- knxnetlp-wb.jar

Related Links

- Install modules in Workbench
- Getting started (Parent Topic)

Install modules in Workbench

The latest KNX .jar files may or may not be present in the Workbench **Modules** folder. It is important to work with the latest modules.

Prerequisites:

- A version of Workbench that supports the KNXnet/IP driver must be installed on the PC or laptop computer. For KNXnet/IP driver requirements, see <u>KNX requirements</u>.
- Access to Niagara Central to retrieve the modules .jar files if you do not already have the latest modules.

Use this procedure to manage the KNXnet/IP driver modules.

Perform the following steps:

- Check the Niagara\version\modules folder (where version is the version of Niagara you are using, for example Niagara\Niagara-3.8.41\modules).
 If needed, download the latest module .jar files from Niagara Central and save them in the
- Niagara\version\modules folder.

• KNXnet/IP driver modules (Parent Topic)

Setting up the station

The following topics describe how to set up the station:

Related Links

- Add a KNX Network
- Load the KNX Data Defs
- Configure connection to KNXnet/IP network
- Add Devices to the KNX Network
- Add Points from an ETS Project file

Add a KNX Network

Adding the network is the first step to configure the station.

Prerequisites:

• The KNXnet/IP driver modules must be available in the Niagara\version\modules folder (where version is the version of Workbench).

Perform the following steps:

- 1. In the Nav tree, expand the station and double-click the **Drivers** node.
- 2. In the Driver Manager view, open the KNXnet/IP driver palette in the side bar.

Select one or more palet	tes to open, or just start typing:	Browse
<pre> filter </pre>		
Module	Description	C.
kitPxHvac	Library of HVAC Presentation Widgets	
kitPxTouchScreen	Library of Applications Graphics	
knxnetIp	KNXnet/IP Driver for AX	
ldap	LDAP User Service	
lonAaon	Aaon LonDevices	

- 3. Select the KNX network driver Module and click OK.
- 4. Drag and drop or copy the **KNX network driver** component from the palette to the **Driver Manager** view pane.

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File Edit Search Bookmarks Tools Windo	w Manager Help							
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🖽 🖾 NagaraNetwork 🏦 Nar	ne	>	×					
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😂 🕲 🗋 knxnetIp 💌								
DecalInterface								
E. O KnxInstallation								
E KnxDeviceFolder								
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⊡· 🛅 WritePoints	·							
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								1

- 5. Name the network and click **OK**.
- 6. The newly added **KNX network driver** will initially appear with a **Status** of{down,alarm,unackedAlarm}, because its **KNX Data Defs** have not yet been loaded.

You are now ready to load the KNX Data Defs and configure the KNX network driver.

Related Links

• Setting up the station (Parent Topic)

Load the KNX Data Defs

Loading the KNX Data Defs is a pre-requisite to setting up the network. See About KNX Data Defs.

Prerequisites:

- The KNX network driver must have been be added to the Drivers node in the station.
- 1. In the **Driver Manager** view, double click on the **KNX Network driver** and open its **Device Manager** view.

Driver Manager				
Name	Туре	Status	Enabled	Fault Cause
C NiagaraNetwork	Niagara Network	{ok}	true	4
C KnxNetwork	Knx Network	{down,alarm,unackedAlarm}	true	
Sector and and	63			and an and the second second

2. If this is the first time your Workbench has been used with a **KNX Network**, then the **Import Temporarily Disabled** dialogue will appear.

Lecking 'KNX Data Definitions'	
Checking KNX Data Definitions'	
Cancel 🏦 Import T	emporarily Disabled X
7 The V	orkbench Service's 'KNX Data Defs' are missing/corrupted. Importing ETS project files is temporarily unavailable.
Do yo	u want to load the 'Data Defs' now?
	Yes No

- 3. Select the **Import Temporarily Disabled** dialogue and click **Yes** to load the Workbench Service's **KNX Data Defs**.
- 4. The **Import Temporarily Disabled** dialogue will appear, with reference to the station's **KNX Data**.

🏦 Checking 'KNX Data Definitions' 🛛 🗙	
Checking 'Station Data Defs'	
Cancel 🏦 Import Te	emporarily Disabled X
The S Do yo	tation's 'KNX Data Defs' are missing/corrupted. Importing ETS project files is temporarily unavailable.
	Yes No

- 5. Select the **Import Temporarily Disabled** dialogue and click **Yes** to load the station's **KNX Data Defs**.
- 6. In the **Driver Manager** view, the {down} status of the **KNX Network** has cleared.

Driver Manager						
Name	Туре	Status	Enabled	Fault Cause		
C NiagaraNetwork	Niagara Network	{ok}	true			
C KnxNetwork	Knx Network	{unackedAlarm}	true			

You are now ready to configure the **KNX network driver's** connection to the physical **KNXnet/IP network**.

Related Links

• Setting up the station (Parent Topic)

Configure connection to KNXnet/IP network

The KNX network driver's connection to the physical KNXnet/IP network can now be configured.

Prerequisites:

- The **KNX network driver** must have been be added to the **Drivers** node and the **Data Defs** must be loaded in Workbench and the station.
- In the Property Sheet view of the KNX Network driver a default Local Interface has been added to the KNX Network driver and a default KNX Installation has been added to the Local Interface. Select the Adapter Id that you wish to use for this connection to the physical KNXnet/IP network.



NOTE: Additional **Local Interfaces** can be added from the palette for each of the platform's TCP/IP Interfaces you wish to use for connection to a **physical KNXnet/IP network**. All the **Local Interfaces** in the station must have different **Adapter Id's**.



2. If you are not using the **Default IP Multicast Address** of 224.0.23.12, then you should enter it in the **KNX Installation** property.

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E Cocal Interfaces Local Interfaces	
Local Interface Local Interface: id=1	2
Status	
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E 🔘 Knx Installation Knx In	stallation
🗆 🔘 Status	{ok}
O Enabled	🔘 true 🔻
Fault Cause	
Config Status	{ok}
🗆 🔘 Knx Installation Id	1
Multicast Ip Address	224.0.23.12
Multicast Port Number	3671
Maximum Received Packets Que Size	5 [2 - max]
Multicast End Point	End Point: state=Closed
Kox Data Defen stature Good Data refs. ve	acciper = A26

NOTE: If you are using more than one **KNX IP Multicast Address**, you can add additional **KNX Installation** instances from the palette to any **Local Interface**. All the **KNX Installation** instances under a **Local Interface** must have different **KNX IP Multicast Addresses**.

3. Click Save to save your settings.

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Local Interface Local Interface: id	=1
Status	{ok}
Enabled	◯ true 💌
🔲 🔘 Fault Cause	
🗌 🔘 Config Status	{ok}
🗋 🔘 Local Interface Id	1
🗆 🔘 Adapter Id	Local Area Connection 💌
Adapter Description	Intel(R) Ethernet Connection (3) I218-V
Adapter Ip Address	192.168.0.9
🗆 🔘 Local Port Min	3500 [1 - 65535]
Local Port Max	4000 [1 - 65535]
Last Used Local Port	-1
🗌 🔘 Obtain Local Socket Behaviour	Recycle Ports Immediately
	Knx Installation
FIN Kox Data Defs	Defe version and

You are now ready to add KNXnet/IP Interface devices to the KNX network driver.

Related Links

• <u>Setting up the station (Parent Topic)</u>

Add Devices to the KNX Network

Niagara KNX Device instances can be added to the station in three ways:

- **Discovered** on a connected physical KNXnet/IP network
- Imported from an ETS project file (* . knxproj)

• Manual input

Related Links

- Discover Devices on the KNXnet/IP network
- Import Devices from an ETS Project file
- Input Devices Manually
- Setting up the station (Parent Topic)

Discover Devices on the KNXnet/IP network

Niagara KNX Device instances can be added to the station by **Discovery** on a connected physical KNXnet/IP network as follows:

Prerequisites:

- The KNX network driver must have been be added to the Drivers node, the Data Defs must be loaded and connection to the physical KNXnet/IP network configured.
- 1. In the **Driver Manager** view, double click on the **KNX Network driver** to open its **Device Manager** view.



2. Click **Discover** to display the **Discover/Import Devices dialogue**.

Discover/Import Devices	×
♦ Search network for Devices :	
Knx Installation' to search : All	
♦ Import Devices from cache/fi All	
Import from cache : Knx Installation (Local Interface (Local Area Connection))	
♦ Import from file : file:!	
Name Decoration : None	
Name in cache :	
OK Cancel	

3. Select the **Search network for Devices** option, choose which **Knx Installation** to search and click **OK**. The Discovery process will take about 10 seconds for each **Knx Installation** searched.

🖉 🍕 Discover Devices							Success	»	8
Discovered								2 obj	ects
Knx Installation	Ip Address	Individual Device Address	Mac Address	Device Friendly Name	Connection Method	Proxy Device	Comment		₽.
Knx Installation (Local Interface (Local Area Connection))	192.168.0.210	4.1.1	000e8c006d9b	IP Interface N148	Tunnelling	NA			
Knx Installation (Local Interface (Local Area Connection))	192.168.0.211	5.1.1	000e8c0077d3	IP Interface N148	Tunnelling	NA			
مستقبل بمنتجع ومترجع والمتعقق والمتعق	ممتمين المحافر	م مغرب کے مسی کا کا ملکوں	A	and the second second	and a second states of the second		Managemething		

4. Drag Device(s) from the **Discovered** pane into the **Database** pane or click **Add** to display the **Add dialogue**.

5	🖁 Add								×	
[Name	Enabled Knx Installation Ip	p Address	Control Port Number	Individual Device Address	Connection Method	Proxy Device	Mac Address	Device Friendly Name	1
	📓 IP Interface N148 192.168.0.21	1 true Knx Installation (Local Interface (Local Area Connection)) 19	92.168.0.211	3671	5.1.1	Tunnelling	No 'Proxy Device' selected	000e8c0077d3	IP Interface N148	
	🔘 Name	IP Interface N148 192.168.0.21								
	🔘 Enabled	© true ▼								
	🔘 Knx Installation	Knx Installation (Local Interface (Local Area Connection))								
	Ip Address	192.168.0.211								
	Control Port Number	3671 [-1 - 65535]								
	Individual Device Address	5.1.1								
	Connection Method	Tunnelling 💌								
	Proxy Device	Cannot edit								
	Mac Address	000e8c0077d3								
	O Device Friendly Name	IP Interface N148								
				OK Cancel						

NOTE: When Devices are added by this method, the **Knx Installation** and **Ip Address** properties will have been recorded during the discovery process and require no further configuration.

5. Click **OK** in the **Add dialogue**.

Related Links

• Add Devices to the KNX Network (Parent Topic)

Import Devices from an ETS Project file

Prerequisites:

- The KNX network driver must have been be added to the Drivers node, the Data Defs must be loaded and connection to the physical KNXnet/IP network configured.
- 1. In the Driver Manager view, double click on the KNX Network driver to open its Device Manager view.

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File Edit Search Bookmarks Tools Window	w Manager Help								
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💽 🤹 💿 🎑 My Network 🔻	Name Enabled Knx Installation	Ip Address Control Port Number	Individual Device Address	Connection Method	Proxy Device	Mac Address	Device Friendly Name	Status	ţ.
E Station (KNX_WS_29_1)									
다 🗏 Config									
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🕀 🕮 NiagaraNetwork									
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History		📔 New Folder 🛛 🔒 New	Edit 🌺 Disc	over 🕓 Cancel	Add	a Mate	h		

2. Click **Discover** to display the **Discover/Import Devices dialogue**.

Discover/Import Devices	×
Search network for Devices : 'Knx Installation' to search : Knx Installation (Local Interface (Local Area Connection))	
Import Devices from cache/file: Import from cache: Import from file: file:/C:/PRJ/Box 5 EIB Box with Interface Three Level_PW.knx	
Name Decoration : None Name in cache : Box 5 EIB Box with Interface Three Level PW.knxproj]
OK Cancel	

3. Select the **Import Devices from cache/file** and the **Import from file** options and click on the File Chooser to display the **File Chooser dialogue**.

沿 File Chooser	:
File Spaces	Current Path C: / PRJ C: Design for the second sec
Bookmarks	Box 3 John's Switching with Router, knxproj Box 4 John's with Interface.knxproj Box 4 John's with Interface5_5.knxproj Box 5 EIB Box with Interface Free Level.knxproj Box 5 EIB Box with Interface Three Level.knxproj 203 KB 26-Oct-15 10:47 AM GMT
	Box 5 EIB Box with Interface Three Level_PW.knxproj Box 5 EIB Box with Interface Two Level.knxproj Box 6 - ATL Strip.knxproj
	File name: Box 5 EIB Box with Interface Three Level_PW.knxproj Open Files of type: Exported ETS Project Files (**.knxproj')

4. Navigate to and select your ETS Project file, click Open and then click OK in the Discover/ Import Devices dialogue. The time taken to import an ETS Project file is proportional to its size.

💰 🍕 Ets Project File Import							Success	»	\odot
Discovered								1 ob	jects
Knx Installation	Ip Address	Individual Device Address	Mac Address	Device Friendly Name	Connection Method	Proxy Device	Commer	nt	Ę₽
No 'KNX Installation' selected		5.1.1		P-0945-0_DI-2	Tunnelling	NA			
Anna the Anna	and and a start of the	and the second station and second	anto fille a delanta	an and and	and the second second			****	

5. Drag Device(s) from the **Discovered** pane into the **Database** pane or click **Add** to display the **Add dialogue**.

🔒 Add										Х
Name	Enabled true	Knx Installation No 'KNX Installation' selected	Ip Address	Control Port Number	Individual Device Address 5.1.1	Connection Method Tunnelling	Proxy Device No 'Proxy Device' selected	Mac Address	Device Friendly Name P-0945-0_DI-2	₽
 Name Enabled Kny Installation 	0.0	P-0945-0_DI-2	tad							
Ip Address Control Port N Jadicidual Date	lumber		65535]		<u> </u>					
Connection M Proxy Device	ethod	Tunnelling V Cannot edit								
 Mac Address Device Friend 	ly Name	P-0945-0_DI-2			A					
					OK Cancel					

NOTE: When Devices are added by this method, only the **Individual Device Address** property can be reliably derived from the **ETS Project file**. You will need to configure the **Knx Installation** property of each Device. It is **not necessary** to configure the **Ip Address** property because this will be discovered from the Device itself when the **KNX network driver** first tries to connect to the Device, by using its **Individual Device Address**.

6. Click **OK** in the **Add dialogue**.

Related Links

• Add Devices to the KNX Network (Parent Topic)

Input Devices Manually

Prerequisites:

- The KNX network driver must have been be added to the Drivers node, the Data Defs must be loaded and connection to the physical KNXnet/IP network configured.
- 1. In the Driver Manager view, double click on the KNX Network driver to open its Device Manager view.



2. Click New to display the New [Devices] dialogue.



3. Enter the Number [of Devices] to Add and click OK to display the New dialogue.

New									X
Name Enabled Knx Ins	tallation Installation' selected	Ip Address	Control Port Number	Individual Device Address 0.0.0	Connection Method Tunnelling	Proxy Device No 'Proxy Device' selected	Mac Address	Device Friendly Name	t,
 Name Enabled 	KnxDevice								
Knx Installation Ip Address Control Port Number	No 'KNX Installation'	selected							
 Connection Method Connection Method 	0.0.0 Tunnelling	_[1 03333] ▼							
Proxy Device Mac Address	Cannot edit								
Uevice Friendly Name				OK Cancel					

NOTE: When Devices are added by this method, you will need to configure **both** the **Knx Installation** and **Ip Address** properties of each Device. It is **not necessary** to configure the **Individual Device Address** property because this will be discovered from the Device itself when the **KNX network driver** first tries to connect to the Device, by using the **Ip Address**.

4. Click **OK** in the **New dialogue**.

Related Links

• Add Devices to the KNX Network (Parent Topic)

Add Points from an ETS Project file

The only method to Add KNX points through Discovery is by using the ETS Project file:

Prerequisites:

- One or more KNX Device instances must have been be added and configured to the KNXnet/IP driver.
- 1. Double click on the **Points** node to open its **Point Manager** view.

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File Edit Search Bookmarks Tools Window Manager	Help		
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🚍 My Host : John-PC (KNX_WS_29_1) 🛛 😽 Station (KNX_V	(S_29_1) 🗏 Config 📲 Drivers 🍋 Knobletwork 🔛 IP Interface N148 192, 168, 0, 211 🌘 Points	Knx Point Manager	•
• a Nav	Database	0 objec	s
🚱 🏂 💿 🍓 My Network	Name Type Out Tuning Policy Name KNN ID Group Addresses Data Value Type ID Poll Enable		Ę
➡ Station ((0X, US_23_1) ➡ ■ Confg ➡ ■ Confg ➡ ■ Confg ➡ ■ Privers ➡ ■ Pinterface N148 192.168.0.211 ➡ ■ Pinterface N148 192.168.0.211 ➡ ■ © Group Data Manager ➡ ● Comms Connections ➡ ■ Eles ➡ ■ History	Rew Folder Rew JEdit Cancel Add Cancel Add		۲

2. Click **Discover** to display the **Import Points from an ETS project dialogue**.

Handreich Points from	n an ETS project	×
Import from cache :	Box 5 EIB Box with Interface Three Level_PW.knxproj	
\circledast Import from file :	file:/C:/PRJ/Box 5 EIB Box with Interface Three Level_PW.knx	
Name Decoration :	None 💌	
Name in cache :	Box 5 EIB Box with Interface Three Level_PW.knxproj	
	OK Cancel	

NOTE: The cache retains all the previously loaded ETS project files and you can choose to either use one of these or import a new one. When you choose to Import from cache a check is performed to detect changes to the original file since it was last imported into the cache.
Select the Import from cache or Import from file option and click OK.

Discovered Group Name	Group Addresses						
Froup Name	Group Addresses				3		18 objec
- Central Eurotions	l or oup mour cooco	KNX ID	Send Not Receive	Data Value Type ID	Com Object Size	Priority	Device Facets
E Floor 1							
Lighting Control							
Centre Light (1A)	1/0/0	P-0945-0_GA-1	true	DPST-1-1	1 bit	Low	falseText=Off,trueText=On
Desk Light (1B)	1/0/1	P-0945-0_GA-2	true	DPST-1-1	1 bit	Low	falseText=Off,trueText=On
Small Power Control							
Circuit A	1/1/0	P-0945-0_GA-3	true	DPST-1-1	1 bit	Low	falseText=Off,trueText=On
Circuit B	1/1/1	P-0945-0_GA-4	true	DPST-1-1	1 bit	Low	falseText=Off,trueText=On
Circuit C	1/1/2	P-0945-0_GA-5	true	DPST-1-1	1 bit	Low	falseText=Off,trueText=On
Circuit D	1/1/3	P-0945-0_GA-6	true	DPST-1-1	1 bit	Low	falseText=Off,trueText=On
HVAC Controls							
Room Temperature	1/2/0	P-0945-0_GA-7	true	DPST-9-1	2 bytes	Low	precision=2,max=670760.00,min=-273.00,units=°C
Setpoint	1/2/1	P-0945-0_GA-8	true	DPST-9-1	2 bytes	Low	precision=2,max=670760.00,min=-273.00,units=°C
Control Output	1/2/2	P-0945-0_GA-9	true	DPST-1-1	1 bit	Low	falseText=Off,trueText=On
Operating Mode	1/2/3	P-0945-0_GA-10	true	DPST-1-1	1 bit	Low	falseText=Off,trueText=On
Frost Protection	1/2/4	P-0945-0_GA-11	true	DPST-1-1	1 bit	Low	falseText=Off,trueText=On
Night Mode	1/2/5	P-0945-0_GA-12	true	DPST-1-1	1 bit	Low	falseText=Off,trueText=On
E Floor 2							
Database							0 objec
Jame Type Out Tuning Policy N	ame KNV ID Gr		ata Value Type ID	Poll Enable		_	0 00,00
tame Type Out Turning Policy N		oup Addresses [D	ata value Type ID	Foil Enable			
	New Fo	lder 🔽 Nev	M B Edit	di Discover	Cancel	bbA (P Match
			- Luit	an observer	- currect		CCE PROCESSION

4. Drag Point(s) from the **Discovered** pane into the **Database** pane or click **Add** to display the **Add dialogue**.

vereu							1						
o Name		Group Addr	esses	KNX ID		Ser	nd Not Receive	Data Value Type ID	Com Object Size	e Priority	Device	Facets	
ntral Functions													
or 1													
E Lighting Control													_
O Centre	Light (1A)	1/0/0		P-0945-0_0	GA-1	true	2	DPST-1-1	1 bit	Low	falseTe	xt=Off,tru	elext=
O Desk Lig	ht (1B)	1/0/1		P-0945-0_0	SA-2	true	2	DPST-1-1	1 bit	Low	falseTe	xt=Off,tru	eText=
Small Power Con	trol												
	Add											>	< xt=
O Circuit													xt=
	Name		Type		Enable	ed	Facets			Tuning Polic	y Name	Device A	
T HVAC Controls	Centre	Light (1A)	Boolea	n Writable	true		falseText=Off,	rueText=On		defaultPolic	y	falseTe	xt
Poom	Desk Lig	ght (1B)	Boolea	n Writable	true		falseText=Off,	rueText=On		defaultPolic	y	falseTe	1760
Setpoir	Circuit /	A	Boolea	n Writable	true		falseText=Off,	rueText=On		defaultPolic	у	falseTe	1760
	Circuit E	в	Boolea	n Writable	true		falseText=Off,	rueText=On		defaultPolic	у	falseTe	
Operal	Circuit (С	Boolea	n Writable	true		falseText=Off,	rueText=On		defaultPolic	у	falseTe	vt-
Erost F	Circuit [D	Boolea	n Writable	true		falseText=Off,	rueText=On		defaultPolic	у	falseTe	vt=
Night N	Room T	emperature	Numeri	ic Point	true		precision=2,ma	x=670760.00,min=-2	73.00,units=°C	defaultPolic	у	precisi	xt=
or 2	Setpoin	t	Numeri	ic Writable	true		precision=2,ma	x=670760.00,min=-2	73.00,units=°C	defaultPolic	у	precisi	
	Control	Output	Boolea	n Point	true		falseText=Off,	rueText=On		defaultPolic	у	falseTe	
	Operati	ing Mode	Boolea	n Writable	true		falseText=Off,	rueText=On		defaultPolic	у	falseTe	
ase	Frost Prost Pro	rotection	Boolea	n Writable	true		falseText=Off,	rueText=On		defaultPolic	У	falseTe	
Type Out	Night M	lode	Boolea	n Writable	true		falseText=Off,	rueText=On		defaultPolic	y	falseTe	
	0			r	_								
	Name			Ľ	Centr	еL	ight (1A)						
	🔘 Type				Boole	an	Writable 🔻						
	🔘 Enable	ed		ſ	🔘 tru	e	-						
												-	
	4					d = C	tt true Lout = ()o						
					_	_							-
							ОК	Cancel					

5. Click **OK** in the **Add dialogue** to add points into the Database.

Related Links

• <u>Setting up the station (Parent Topic)</u>

Driver reference

About the KNXnet/IP driver

The Niagara KNXnet/IP driver integrates a KNX system into a Niagara station.

The KNXnet/IP driver uses a familiar Niagara driver hierarchy of an upper-tier parent network component and one or more child device components, each with device ext (extension) child components.

Related Links

• Driver reference (Parent Topic)

Compatibility

KNXnet/IP Services compatibility

The following list details the KNXnet/IP Services support implemented in this KNXnet/IP driver:

KNXnet/IP Service	Support
Core Services	Fully Supported
Device Management	Not Supported (client only)
Tunnelling	Data Link Layer — Fully Supported CEMI Raw— Not Supported KNX Busmonitor— Not Supported
Routing	Not Supported
Remote Logging	Not Supported
Remote Configuration and Diagnostics	Not Supported
Object Server	Not Supported

KNX System Specification editions

Here are the specific KNX System Specification document editions:

- 03_01_02 Glossary v01.04.00 AS.pdf
- 03_02_06 Communication Medium KNX IP v01.00.02 AS.pdf
- 03_03_02 Data Link Layer General v01.02.02 AS.pdf
- 03_03_07 Application Layer v01.06.04 AS.pdf
- 03_06_03 EMI_IMI v01.03.03 AS.pdf
- 03_07_02 Datapoint Types v01.08.03 AS.pdf
- 03_07_03 Standardized Identifier Tables v01.03.01 AS.pdf
- 03_08_01 Overview v01.04.02 AS.pdf
- 03_08_02 Core v01.05.02 AS.pdf
- 03_08_03 Management v01.06.02 AS.pdf
- 03_08_04 Tunnelling v01.05.04 AS.pdf

• Driver reference (Parent Topic)

KNXnet/IP driver summary

Here are some highlights of the Niagara KNXnet/IP driver:

- New driver called KNXnet/IP which has no references to the term EIB
- New driver license feature knxnetlp
- KNXnet/IP driver in NiagaraAX-3.8 and Niagara 4.1 versions.
- JACE-3E, JACE-6 and JACE-6E implementation (Not applicable in JACE-2)
- Supports both ETS4 and ETS5 KNX tools
- Uses the more data-rich ETS Project file as a source of KNX system data for Niagara Discovery
- Supports ETS Two Level, Three Level and Free Level group addressing
- Supports the full list of current KNX Datapoint Types defined in the KNX Master Data xml file
- Supports Manufacturer Specific KNX Datapoint Types with values exposed as hex strings
- Ready for KNX IP Secure and KNX Data Secure (Secure Application Layer)
- Enhanced Point Discovery to improve pre-setting Point Facets, Point Names, Hierarchy and Point types
- Supports complex multi-value KNX Datapoint Types
- Consistent Niagara Framework[®] modelling (KNXnet/IP-device = Niagara—Device and KNX Group Address = Niagara—Point)
- Supports KNXnet/IP Tunnelling
- Supports Proxy Routing
- Enhanced Bus Data Received functionality
- Supporting doc User Guide and Workbench HTML Help

Related Links

• Driver reference (Parent Topic)

About KNX Data Defs

In order for the KNXnet/IP driver to translate **Group Address** data from the encoded native KNX (on the wire) communications it receives from the KNX devices to the human friendly format displayed in the properties of Niagara Control Points, and vice-versa, it needs some information about the standard **KNX Datapoint Types**, as published in the KNX specification document 03_07_02 Datapoint Types v01.08.03 AS.pdf (or later version).

This information is collectively referred to as the **KNX Data Definitions** or **KNX Data Defs** in the KNXnet/IP driver, and it is stored in a file called knx_extra.xml. In addition there is information about the units, minimum & maximum values and compatible Niagara Control Point types, for each of the **KNX Datapoint Types**. The Niagara Workbench contains a copy of the **KNX Data Defs**. Each Niagara station also has its own copy of **KNX Data Defs**. To examine the **KNX Data Defs**, see <u>Examining the KNX Data Defs</u>.

The knx_extra.xml file works along similar lines to KNX's knx_master.xml file, which is part of the ETS installation and is updated from time to time with new **KNX Datapoint Types** by the KNX organization. To update the **KNX Data Defs**, see <u>Updating the KNX Data Defs</u>.

NOTE: The knx_extra.xml file is fundamental to the correct operation of the KNXnet/IP driver and it is internally **signed** to avoid the possibility of introducing erroneous operation of the KNXnet/IP driver.

Each release of the KNXnet/IP driver contains a version of knx_extra.xml that is current at the time of release, however newer versions of the knx_extra.xml file will be published to keep pace with changes to the KNX knx_master.xml.

NOTE: There is no correlation between the version number of the **KNX Data Defs** (for example 027) and the version number of the KNXnet/IP driver module (for example 3.8.41.1.0.29).

Related Links

- Examining the KNX Data Defs
- Updating the KNX Data Defs
- Driver reference (Parent Topic)

Examining the KNX Data Defs

To examine the current status and version of the KNX Data Defs:

In the Niagara Workbench

You can examine the current status and version of the **KNX Data Defs** in use by the Niagara Workbench in the **KNX Import Service**:



In a Niagara Station

You can examine the current status and version of the **KNX Data Defs** in use by a Niagara station in the **Property Sheet** of the **KNX Network driver**:

C KnxNetwork (Knx Netwo	ork)
🗆 🔘 Status	{ok}
🗆 🔘 Enabled	🔘 true 🔻
🗆 🔘 Fault Cause	
🛨 🔣 Health	Ok [24-Jul-16 6:20 PM BST]
🕀 👃 Alarm Source Info	Alarm Source Info
Monitor	Ping Monitor
🕀 🥜 Twning Policies	Tuning Policy Map
표 😽 Poll Scheduler	Knx Poll Scheduler
	Local Interfaces
🗄 🔘 Knx Data Defs	status=Good Data Defs, version=026
🕀 🛄 ATL - Box 6	Knx Device: mame=ATL - Box 6

To update the KNX Data Defs, see <u>Updating the KNX Data Defs</u>.

Related Links

<u>About KNX Data Defs (Parent Topic)</u>

Updating the KNX Data Defs

To update the version of the KNX Data Defs in the Niagara Workbench and Niagara Station:

Prerequisites: Currently, new versions of the knx_extra.xml file are published to a DropBox folder available here:

https://www.dropbox.com/sh/uwkdggd10fi1955/AAAhMkD6CoQtLx-A_DPEoguga?dl=0

The latest version will always be knx_extra.xml in the root of this shared DropBox folder.

NOTE: Older versions are available in the Previous Versions of knx_extra.xml sub-folder, however it should not be necessary to use these and if one were required then it would need to be renamed to remove the _vXXX suffix.

Perform the following steps:

1. Having obtained the latest knx_extra.xml from DropBox, put it in the **knx** sub-folder of your Niagara installation on your PC (for example:. C:\Niagara\Niagara-3.8.41.1\knx\knx_extra.xml)



2. Using the Niagara Workbench, navigate to the KNX Import Service on the Tools menu.

Tools Window Help	
91 Options	i 📮 🔏 🗅 🖺 🖨 👄 🥱 🥐
Alarm Portal Adarm Portal Bacnet Service Bacnet EDE Certificate Management Certificate Signer Tool Driver Upgrade Tool KIVX Import Service Lexicon Tool	KNX Import Service (KNX Import Service) Knx Data Defs status=Good Data Defs, version=026 Morr Settings Import Settings Imported Files Imported Files Imported Ets Project Files
KNX Import Service (KNX Import	Service)

I Contract Settings	Import Cottings	views		1
E O Import Settings	Import Seturgs	Actions	Check Data Integrity	1
🕀 🛅 Imported Files	Imported Ets Pro	and Then	Check Data Integrity	з
		n Find	Reset Integrity Checks Statistics	ქ
		aa	Load Data Defe	1
		Config Flags		ł
I.A. made and a second	Sec. Marine		and and the second s	€

3. Either right click **Knx Data Defs** and click the **Load Data Defs** action, or click on **Imported Files** to load the **Ets Project File Import Manager** which will examine the new knx_extra.xml file that was copied into the **knx** sub-folder of your Niagara installation. You will be presented with a dialogue prompting that there is a newer version available. Click **Yes**.



Now that the Niagara Workbench has been updated with a new **KNX Data Defs**, the Niagara Station can be updated.

4. Navigate to the **KNX Device Manager** or **KNX Point Manager** views of the **KNXnet/IP driver**. As either view loads it will check the Station's version against the Workbench's version and prompt if the two versions are different. Click **Yes**.

🏦 Checking 'KNX Data Definiti	ons' ×		
Checking 'Station Data Defs'	·		
Cancel	Different 'K	(NX Data Definitions' Versions	×
	7 The vers	sions of the KNX Data Defs in the workbench tool ('027') and this station	('026') are different.
	Do you	want to copy the workbench tool version to this station?	
		Yes No	

NOTE: There is an issue in v29 of the **KNX Network driver**, whereby after updating the **KNX Data Defs**, examination of the of the Niagara station in the **Property Sheet** of the **KNX Network driver** will still show the older version number in spite of the file being correctly updated. If the station is **Rebooted**, the updated version of the **KNX Data Defs** will be correctly shown.

🗃 KnxNetwork (Knx Netwo	vrk)
🗆 🔘 Status	{ok}
🗆 🔘 Enabled	🔘 true 🔻
Fault Cause	
🕀 🔣 Health	Ok [24-Jul-16 8:09 PM BST]
🕀 🔔 Alarm Source Info	Alarm Source Info
Monitor	Ping Monitor
🕀 🥜 Tuning Policies	Tuning Policy Map
∃ ♣→ Poll Scheduler	Knx Poll Scheduler
🕀 🔘 Local Interfaces	Local Interfaces
🗄 🔘 Knx Data Defs	status=Good Data Defs, version=027
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Related Links

• About KNX Data Defs (Parent Topic)

Property reference

Knx Network

The **Knx Network** component is the base container for all KNXnet/IP devices and their child data objects (KNX proxy points).

Property	Value	Description
Status	read-only	<pre>Indicates the condition of the component at the last check. {ok} indicates that the component is licensed and polling successfully. {down} indicates that the last check was unsuccessful, perhaps because of an incorrect property, or possibly loss of network connection. {disabled} indicates that the Enable property is set to false. {fault} indicates another problem. Refer to Fault Cause for more information.</pre>
Enabled	true or false	Activates and deactivates use of the component.
Fault Cause	read-only	Indicates the reason why a system object (network, device, component, extension, etc.) is in fault. This property is empty unless a fault exists.
Health	text	Health contains historical properties about the relative health of the network in the station, including historical timestamps. See <u>Knx</u> <u>Network/Health</u>
Alarm Source Info	Alarm Source Info	Alarm Source Info contains a set of properties for configuring and routing alarms and are used to populate an alarm if the network does not respond to a monitor ping. See <u>Knx Network/</u> <u>Alarm Source Info</u>
Monitor	Ping Monitor	Holds the configuration for the "ping mechanism" used by driver networks. Monitor provides verification of the general health of the network, plus the network's "pingables" (typically, devices) by ensuring that each device is minimally "pinged" at some repeating interval. See Knx Network/Monitor
Tuning Policies	Tuning Policy Map	See Knx Network/Tuning Policies

Property	Value	Description
Poll Scheduler	Knx Poll Scheduler	See Knx Network/Poll Scheduler
Local Interfaces	Local Interfaces	See Knx Network/Local Interface
Knx Data Defs		See Knx Network/Knx Data Defs

• Property reference (Parent Topic)

Knx Network/Health

Health contains historical properties about the relative health of the network in the station, including historical timestamps.

Туре	Value	Description
Down	true or false (default)	Displays the health of the network.
Alarm	true or false (default)	Displays the health of the network.
Last OK Time	date time	Displays the last date and time the network health was OK.
Last Fail Time	date time	Displays the last date and time the network health failed.
Last Fail Cause	text	Displays the reason for the last failure of the network health.

Related Links

• Property reference (Parent Topic)

Knx Network/Alarm Source Info

Alarm Source Info contains a set of properties for configuring and routing alarms and are used to populate an alarm if the network does not respond to a monitor ping.

Туре	Value	Description
Alarm Class	Default Alarm Class (default)	Use this property to select an alarm class from the option list. The alarm class specifies the alarm routing options for this component.
Source Name	text	Displays the name in an alarm record that identifies the source of the alarm.
To Fault Text	text	Enter the text that you would like to display when the component transitions to a Fault state.

Туре	Value	Description
To Offnormal Text	text	Enter the text that you would like to display when the component transitions to an Offnormal (alarm) state.
To Normal Text	text	Enter the text that you would like to display when the component transitions to a Normal state.
Hyperlink Ord or Hyperlink	Ord, BQL Query or path	Associates an ord, BLQ query or path with an alarm state on the component. When an alarm is reported in the console, the Hyperlink button activates. Clicking this button links to the location you specify here.
Sound File	ord	The path to a sound file that plays when the current component is in an alarm state. Use the folder icon to browse to the file. Click the arrow icon to the right of the folder icon to test the path.
Alarm Icon	file path	Use this property to enter or choose the path to a graphic file that will be added to the display in the "timestamp" column of the alarm table in the Console Recipient view. Use the folder icon to browse to the file that you want to use. Click the arrow icon to the right of the folder icon to test the path that you enter.
Alarm Instructions	# instructions	Each alarm can have "instructions" assigned to it so that any time an alarm is generated, the instructions are presented with the alarm notification to provide information that may be important or helpful to the user.
Meta Data [alarms]	text	Allows you to enter new facets for the extension.

• Property reference (Parent Topic)

Knx Network/Monitor

Holds the configuration for the "ping mechanism" used by driver networks. Monitor provides verification of the general health of the network, plus the network's "pingables" (typically, devices) by ensuring that each device is minimally "pinged" at some repeating interval.

Property	Value	Description
Ping Enabled	true (default) or false	Enables or disables the Monitor Ping.
Ping Frequency	hh—mm—ss Defaults to 5secs	Sets the Ping Frequency.
Alarm On Failure	true (default) or false	Enables or disables an Alarm if the Monitor Ping fails.

Property	Value	Description
Start Up Alarm Delay	hh—mm—ss Defaults to 2minutes Osecs	Sets a delay on station start up before the Monitor Ping Alarm can occur.

• Property reference (Parent Topic)

Knx Network/Tuning Policies

The network Tuning Policies holds one or more collections of rules for evaluating both **write requests** (e.g. to writable proxy points) as well as the acceptable freshness of **read requests** from polling.

Property	Value	Description
Default Policy	Tuning Policy	Holds information and configuration for the Default Tuning Policy. See <u>Knx</u> <u>Network/Tuning Policies/Default</u> <u>Policy</u> .
(Custom Tuning Policies)		

Related Links

• Property reference (Parent Topic)

Knx Network/Tuning Policies/Default Policy

This is the default tuning policy which is always installed. More tuning policies may be created by copying this default policy.

Property	Value	Description
Min Write Time	hh-mm-ss, 0ms +inf Defaults to 00–00–00	Applies to writable proxy points, especially ones that have one or more linked inputs. Specifies the minimum amount of time allowed between writes. Provides a method to throttle rapidly changing values so that only the last value is written. If this property value is 0 (default), this rule is disabled (all value changes attempt to write).
Max Write Time	hh-mm-ss, 0ms +inf Defaults to 00–00–00	Applies to writable proxy points. Specifies the maximum wait time before rewriting the value, in case nothing else has triggered a write. Any write action resets this timer. If property value is 0 (default), this rule is disabled.
Write On Start	true (default) or false	Applies to writable proxy points. Determines behavior at station startup.

Property	Value	Description
		 If true, (default) a write occurs when the station first reaches steady state. If set to false, a write does not occur when the station reaches steady state. Note: Consider setting this to false in most tuning policies, except for tuning policies selectively assigned to more critical writable proxy points. This is particularly important for large networks with many writable proxy points. For example, a Network with 4,000 writable proxy points, if configured with only the Default Tuning Policy (at default values), will upon station startup attempt to write to all 4,000 points, putting a significant load on the station. As a consequence, it is possible that in this scenario the driver (network) may generate write queue overflow exceptions.
Write On Up	true (default) or false	 Applies to writable proxy points. Determines behavior when proxy point (and parent device) transitions from down. If true, (default) a write occurs when the parent device transitions from down to up. If set to false, a write does not occur when the parent device transitions from down to up.
Write On Enabled	true (default) or false	 Applies to writable proxy points. Determines behavior when a proxy point's status transitions from disabled to normal (enabled). If true, (default) a write occurs when writable point transitions from disabled. If set to false, a write does not occur when writable point transitions from disabled. Note: The disabled-to-enabled status transition can be inherited globally by points if the parent device had been set to disabled —or network-wide if the driver network was set to disabled. Therefore, be aware that if left at true in tuning policies, that all associated writable points receive a write upon either the device or network when it transitions from status disabled to enabled.
Stale Time	hh-mm-ss, 0ms +inf Defaults to 00–00–00	Applies to all proxy points.

Property	Value	Description
		 If set to a non-zero value, points become stale (status stale) if the configured time elapses without a successful read, indicated by Read Status {ok}. If set to zero (default), the stale timer is disabled, and points become stale immediately when unsubscribed.
		By default, proxy point status stale is indicated by tan background color. In addition, stale status is considered invalid for any downstream-linked control logic.

• Property reference (Parent Topic)

Knx Network/Poll Scheduler

The network Poll Scheduler maintains a group of four rate buckets to service pollables, three of which correspond to configured poll rates (slow, normal and fast) and one (dibs stack) which is allocated for pollables that transition to a subscribed state.

Property	Value	Description
Poll Enabled	true (default) or false	Enables or Disables the Poll.
Fast Rate	hh-mm-ss, 1ms +inf Defaults to 00–00– 01	Sets the Fast Rate of Polling.
Normal Rate	hh-mm-ss, 1ms +inf Defaults to 00–00– 05	Sets the Normal Rate of Polling.
Slow Rate	hh-mm-ss, 1ms +inf Defaults to 00–00– 30	Sets the Slow Rate of Polling.
Statistics Start	date time	Read-only field.
Average Poll	time	Read-only field.
Busy Time	time	Read-only field.
Total Polls	Numeric over time	Read-only field.
Dibs Polls	Numeric % (Numeric/Numeric)	Read-only field.
Fast Polls	Numeric % (Numeric/Numeric)	Read-only field.
Normal Polls	Numeric % (Numeric/Numeric)	Read-only field.
Slow Polls	Numeric % (Numeric/Numeric)	Read-only field.

Property	Value	Description
Dibs Count	current=numeric average=numeric	Read-only field.
Fast Count	current=numeric average=numeric	Read-only field.
Normal Count	current=numeric average=numeric	Read-only field.
Slow Count	current=numeric average=numeric	Read-only field.
Fast Cycle Time	average = time	Read-only field.
Normal Cycle Time	average = time	Read-only field.
Slow Cycle Time	average = time	Read-only field.

• Property reference (Parent Topic)

Knx Network/Local Interface

Holds information and configuration for the Local Interface.

Property	Value	Description
Status	text	Read-only field. Displays the current state of the Local Interface.
Enabled	true (default) or false	Enables or Disables the Local Interface.
Fault Cause	text	Read-only field. If the Local Interface is in fault, indicates the reason. This field is empty unless a fault exists.
Config Status	text	Read-only field. Displays the current configuration state of the Local Interface.
Local Interface Id	Selection Dialogue	Displays the available Adapters in a selection box dialogue.
Adapter Description	text	Read-only field.
Adapter IP Address	text	Read-only field.
Local Port Min	numeric, 1 — 65535 Defaults to 3500	When dynamically choosing a new port number, the driver will choose the next available port number by starting at this setting or by cycling through the range. This choice of behavior being selectable by Obtain Local Socket Behaviour . See <u>UDP</u> <u>ports</u> .

Property	Value	Description
Local Port Max	numeric, 1 — 65535 Defaults to 4000	When dynamically choosing a new port number, the driver will choose the next available port number by starting at Local Port Min or by cycling through the range to a maximum of this setting. This choice of behavior being selectable by Obtain Local Socket Behaviour . See <u>UDP ports</u> .
Last Used Local Port	numeric	Read-only field.
Obtain Local Socket Behaviour	Recycle Ports Immediately (default)orCycle Through All Ports	When dynamically choosing a new port number, the driver will choose the next available port number by starting at the port-minimum (default setting) or by cycling through the range. See <u>UDP ports</u>

• Property reference (Parent Topic)

Knx Network/Local Interface/Knx Installation

Holds information and configuration for the KNX Installation.

Property	Value	Description
Status	text	Read-only field. Displays the current state of the KNX Installation.
Enabled	true (default) or false	Enables or Disables the KNX Installation.
Fault Cause	text	Read-only field. If the KNX Installation is in fault, indicates the reason. This field is empty unless a fault exists.
Config Status	text	Read-only field. Displays the current configuration state of the KNX Installation.
Knx Installation Id	numeric	Read-only field. Displays the ID which has been read from the KNX Installation.
Multicast Ip Address	nnn.nnn.nnn Defaults to 224.0.23.12	
Multicast Port Number	numeric	Read-only field.
Maximum Received Packets Que Size	numeric, 2 — max Defaults to 5	

• Property reference (Parent Topic)

Knx Network/Local Interface/Knx Installation/Multicast End Point

Holds information and configuration for the Multicast End Point.

Property	Value	Description
End Point State	text	Read-only field. Displays the current state of the End Point.
Local IP Address	nnn.nnn.nnn	Read-only field. Displays the Local IP Address.
Local Port	numeric	Read-only field. Displays the Local Port.
Remote IP Adddress	nnn.nnn.nnn	Read-only field. Displays the Remote IP Address.
Remote Port	numeric	Read-only field. Displays the Remote Port.
Max Packet Size	numeric, 128 — 512 Defaults to 128.	

Related Links

• Property reference (Parent Topic)

Knx Network/Knx Data Defs

Knx Data Defs properties are part of the KNX Import Service. Knx Data Defs is a container for the specifications of the KNX Datapoint Types which are imported from the knx_extra.xml file.

Knx Device

The **Knx Device** component is the container for all KNXnet/IP proxy points.

Property	Value	Description
Status	read-only	Indicates the condition of the component at the last check.
		<pre>{ok} indicates that the component is licensed and polling successfully.</pre>
		{ down } indicates that the last check was unsuccessful, perhaps because of an incorrect property, or possibly loss of network connection.
		{disabled} indicates that the Enable property is set to false.

Property	Value	Description
		{fault} indicates another problem. Refer to Fault Cause for more information.
Enabled	true or false	Activates and deactivates use of the component.
Fault Cause	read-only	Indicates the reason why a system object (network, device, component, extension, etc.) is in fault. This property is empty unless a fault exists.
Health	text	Health contains historical properties about the relative health of the device in the station, including historical timestamps. See <u>Knx Device/Health</u> .
Alarm Source Info	Alarm Source Info	Alarm Source Info contains a set of properties for configuring and routing alarms and are used to populate an alarm if the device does not respond to a monitor ping. See <u>Knx Device/Alarm Source</u> <u>Info</u> .
Config Status	string	Displays the status of the configuration (read only).
Device Id	1, 2, max	Displays Device Id (read only)
IP Address	nnnn.nnnn.nnnn	The IP Address of the device.
Control Port Number	-1, 1, 2, 65535	The Control Port Number of the device.
Individual Device Address	nnn.nnn.nnn	Individual Device Address
Mac Address	string	Displays the Mac Address of the KNXnet/IP Interface device (read only).
Device Friendly Name	string	Displays the Friendly Name of the KNXnet/IP Interface device (read only).
DIBs	Description Information Blocks	Holds information on the Device. See <u>Knx Device/</u> <u>DIBs</u> .
Group Data Manager	Group Data Manager	Holds information and configuration for the Group Data Manager. See <u>Knx Device/Group Data Manager</u> .
Points	Knx Point Device Ext	Holds information and configuration for the KNX proxy points. See Knx Proxy Ext.
Connection Method	Tunnelling (default) or Proxy Routing	The Connection Method.
Comms Connections	Connections	Holds information and configuration of the Comms connections. See <u>Knx Device/Comms</u> <u>Connections</u> .

• Property reference (Parent Topic)

Knx Device/Health

Health contains historical properties about the relative health of the device in the station, including historical timestamps.

Property	Value	Description
Down	true or false (default)	Displays the health of the device (read only).
Alarm	true or false (default)	Displays the health of the device (read only).
Last OK Time	date time	Displays the last date and time the device health was OK (read only).
Last Fail Time	date time	Displays the last date and time the device health failed (read only).
Last Fail Cause	text	Displays the reason for the last failure of the device health (read only).

Related Links

• Property reference (Parent Topic)

Knx Device/Alarm Source Info

Alarm Source Info contains a set of properties for configuring and routing alarms and are used to populate an alarm if the device does not respond to a monitor ping.

Туре	Value	Description
Alarm Class	Default Alarm Class (default)	Use this property to select an alarm class from the option list. The alarm class specifies the alarm routing options for this component.
Source Name	text	Displays the name in an alarm record that identifies the source of the alarm.
To Fault Text	text	Enter the text that you would like to display when the component transitions to a Fault state.
To Offnormal Text	text	Enter the text that you would like to display when the component transitions to an Offnormal (alarm) state.
To Normal Text	text	Enter the text that you would like to display when the component transitions to a Normal state.

Туре	Value	Description
Hyperlink Ord or Hyperlink	Ord, BQL Query or path	Associates an ord, BLQ query or path with an alarm state on the component. When an alarm is reported in the console, the Hyperlink button activates. Clicking this button links to the location you specify here.
Sound File	ord	The path to a sound file that plays when the current component is in an alarm state. Use the folder icon to browse to the file. Click the arrow icon to the right of the folder icon to test the path.
Alarm Icon	file path	Use this property to enter or choose the path to a graphic file that will be added to the display in the "timestamp" column of the alarm table in the Console Recipient view. Use the folder icon to browse to the file that you want to use. Click the arrow icon to the right of the folder icon to test the path that you enter.
Alarm Instructions	# instructions	Each alarm can have "instructions" assigned to it so that any time an alarm is generated, the instructions are presented with the alarm notification to provide information that may be important or helpful to the user.
Meta Data [alarms]	text	Allows you to enter new facets for the extension.

• Property reference (Parent Topic)

Knx Device/DIBs

Description Information Blocks.

Property	Value	Description
Device Info	Device Info D I B	Holds information for the KNX/netIP Iterface device. See <u>Knx Device/DIBs/</u> <u>Device Info</u> .
Supported Service Families	No Supported Service Families	Supported Service Families (read only).

Related Links

• Property reference (Parent Topic)

Knx Device/DIBs/Device Info

Description Information Blocks of the KNXnet/IP Interface device.

Property	Value	Description
Knx Medium	alphanumeric	Knx Medium (read only).
Device Status	alphanumeric	Device Status (read only).
Individual Address	nnn.nnn.nnn	Individual Address (read only).
Project Number	alphanumeric	Project Number (read only).
Installation Number	alphanumeric	Installation Number (read only).
Serial Number	alphanumeric	Serial Number (read only).
Routing Multicast Address	nnn.nnn.nnn	Routing Multicast Addres (read only).
Mac Address	alphanumeric	Mac Address (read only).
Device Friendly Name	alphanumeric	Device Friendly Name (read only).

• Property reference (Parent Topic)

Knx Device/Group Data Manager

Group Data Manager.

Property	Value	Description
L Data Worker (hidden)	Knx Worker	Holds the configuration for the Link Data Worker. See <u>Knx Device/Group Data</u> <u>Manager/L Data Worker</u>
Hop Count (hidden)	0, 1 , 2 7 Defaults to 6	Each communications frame contains a hop count. A frame's hop count is decremented by the KNXnet/IP Router devices to avoid looping messages. When it becomes zero, the frame is discarded from the KNX network.
Max Pending Reads	1, 2, 3 10 Defaults to 4	Controls how many concurrently Active Group Address Read Operations are allowed. Active means that a particular operation has reached the head of the Group Data Operation Queue and the Comms.Stack has sent an L_Data_req message to the KNXnet/IP Interface devices and received an L_Data_con reply, but has not yet received a corresponding L_Data_ind message. This limit is intended to prevent the KNX twisted-pair line from being swamped with this driver's traffic

Property	Value	Description
		although there is no clear guidance on this in the KNX specifications.
Read Before Write Timeout	100ms 6secs Defaults to 0.5 secs	Read Before Write Timeout.

• Property reference (Parent Topic)

Knx Device/Group Data Manager/L Data Worker

L Data Worker holds the configuration for the Link Data Worker. It is a hidden slot.

Property	Value	Description
Max Queue Size (hidden)	1, 2, 3 max Defaults to 50	This is the Group Data Operation Queue . It holds a list of Group Data Operations (Group Address reads or writes) waiting to be started as soon as the comms. stack is able.

Related Links

• Property reference (Parent Topic)

Knx Device/Comms Connections

Connections.

Property	Value	Description
Maximum Received Packets Que Size	2, 3 max Defaults to 5	Controls the size of the Control End Point receive queue. Because the Control End Point is only used to connect, maintain and disconnect the Tunnel Connection , it sees very little traffic. (only 2 or 3 messages to connect or disconnect and 1 or 2 messages per minute to maintain the connection). If this value were too small it would show up in the Rx Frames Lost Queue Full counter under the <u>Knx Device/Comms Connections/Comms</u> <u>Counters</u> .
Control End Point	End Point: state=Closed or state=Open	Holds information and configuration for the Control End Point. See <u>Knx Device/Comms</u> <u>Connections/Control End Point</u> .
Comms Counters (hidden)	Connections Comms Counters	Holds information on the Communications Counters. See <u>Knx Device/Comms</u> <u>Connections/Comms Counters</u> .

Property	Value	Description
Include In Trace (hidden)	true (default) or false	Controls whether or not this information is included in the station Spy Log.
Tunnel Conn	Tunnel Connection	Holds information and configuration for the Tunnel Connection. See <u>Knx Device/Comms</u> <u>Connections/Tunnel Conn</u> .

• Property reference (Parent Topic)

Knx Device/Comms Connections/Control End Point

Holds information and configuration for the Control End Point.

Property	Value	Description
End Point State	state=Closed or state=Open	The current state of the End Point (read- only).
Local IP Address	nnn.nnn.nnn	(read-only) The Local IP address (read- only).
Local Port	nnnn Defaults to -1 if no connection	The Local Port number (read-only).
Remote IP Address	nnn.nnn.nnn	The IP address of the KNXnet/IP Interface device (read-only).
Remote Port	nnnn Defaults to —1 if no connection	The Port number at KNXnet/IP Interface device (read-only).
Max Packet Size	128 512 Defaults to 128	The Maximum size of a packet.
Comms Counters (hidden)	End Point Comms Counters	Holds information on the Communications Counters. See <u>Knx Device/Comms</u> <u>Connections/Control End Point/Comms</u> <u>Counters</u>
Include In Trace (hidden)	true (default) or false	Controls whether or not this information is included in the station Spy Log.

Related Links

• Property reference (Parent Topic)

Knx Device/Comms Connections/Control End Point/Comms Counters

Communications statistics counters for the Control End Point. By default, this is a hidden folder.

Property	Value	Description
Invalid Frame Headers (hidden)	0, 1, 2 max	Invalid Frame Headers (read-only).
Rx Own Packets Ignored (hidden)	0, 1, 2 max	Rx Own Packets Ignored (read-only).
Packets Sent (hidden)	0, 1, 2 max	Packets Sent (read-only).
Packets Received (hidden)	0, 1, 2 max	Packets Received (read-only).

• Property reference (Parent Topic)

Knx Device/Comms Connections/Comms Counters

Communications statistics counters for the Comms Connections. By default, this is a hidden folder.

Property	Value	Description
Rx Frames Lost Queue Full (hidden)	0, 1, 2 max	Rx Frames Lost Queue Full (read-only). The Maximum Received Packets Que Size (see Knx Device/Comms Connections) controls the size of the Control End Point's receive queue and it has a default of 5. If this value were too small, there would be an indication of lost frames here.
Rx Frames Lost No Packet Worker (hidden)	0, 1, 2 max	Rx Frames Lost No Packet Worker (read- only).

Related Links

• Property reference (Parent Topic)

Knx Device/Comms Connections/Tunnel Conn

Tunnel Connection.

Property	Value	Description
Maximum Received Packets Que Size	2, 3 max Defaults to 50	Maximum Received Packets Que Size. Controls the size of the Tunnel Connection's Data End Point receive queue. All Group Address messages pass through this queue and End Point so it is much busier than the Control End Point (see <u>KNXnet/IP Tunnel Connection</u> — <u>Control</u>). Because it handles more traffic, its default queue size of 50 is larger than that of the Control End Point .

Property	Value	Description
Inter Message Delay	15ms 5secs Defaults to 15ms	Inter Message Delay. This setting exists to 'pace' the out-going data requests from the driver. This can be used to reduce the rate of data requests in cases where a KNXnet/IP Interface device cannot cope with the traffic volume, caused possibly by its implementation settings or by its operating speed. The default setting of minimum 15ms has proved successful with Siemens interface devices. Any problems arising from this being set too small would manifest as Control Points intermittently having a Read Fault: Timed out waiting for L_Data_con fault condition.
Remote Control Hpai	Knx Hpai	Holds information on the Knx Hpai. See <u>Knx</u> <u>Device/Comms Connections/Tunnel Conn/</u> <u>Remote Control Hpai</u> .
Data End Point	state=Closed or state=Open	The current state of the Data End Point (read-only). See <u>Knx Device/Comms</u> <u>Connections/Tunnel Conn/Data End Point</u> .
Last Connect Error	string	Last Connect Error (read only).
Channel Id	0 255 Defaults to −1 if no connection	Channel Id (read only).
Channel Status	no connection or connection	Channel Status (read only).
Always Send Heart Beats	true (default) or false	Always Send Heart Beats.
Wrong Seq Number Reaction (hidden)	Send Disconnect Request (default) or Just Ignore or Send NAK E_Sequence_Number	Defines what reaction the driver should make to a Wrong Sequence Number.
Include In Trace (hidden)	true (default) or false	Controls whether or not this information is included in the station Spy Log.
Individual Address	nn.nn.nn	Individual Address (read only).
Confirmation Timeout (hidden)	hh mm ss	Confirmation Timeout (read only).
Comms Counters (hidden)	Tunnel Connection Comms Counters	Holds information on the Communications Counters. See <u>Knx Device/Comms</u> <u>Connections/Tunnel Conn/Comms</u> <u>Counters</u> .
Request Acknowledgements (hidden)	true (default) or false	Request Acknowledgements.

• Property reference (Parent Topic)

Knx Device/Comms Connections/Tunnel Conn/Remote Control Hpai

KNX Hpai.

Property	Value	Description
IP Address	nnn.nnn.nnn	The IP address (read-only).
Port	0, 1, 65535 Defaults to −1 if no connection	The Port number (read-only).

Related Links

• Property reference (Parent Topic)

Knx Device/Comms Connections/Tunnel Conn/Data End Point

Data End Point.

Property	Value	Description
End Point State	state=Closed or state=Open	The current state of the End Point (read- only).
Local IP Address	nnn.nnn.nnn	(read-only) The Local IP address (read- only).
Local Port	nnnn Defaults to —1 if no connection	The Local Port number (read-only).
Remote IP Address	nnn.nnn.nnn	The IP address of the KNXnet/IP Interface device (read-only).
Remote Port	nnnn Defaults to —1 if no connection	The Port number at KNXnet/IP Interface device (read-only).
Max Packet Size	128 512 Defaults to 128	The Maximum size of a packet.
Comms Counters (hidden)	End Point Comms Counters	Holds information on the Communications Counters. See <u>Knx Device/Comms</u> <u>Connections/Tunnel Conn/Data End Point/</u> <u>Comms Counters</u> .
Include In Trace (hidden)	true (default) or false	Controls whether or not this information is included in the station Spy Log.

Related Links

• <u>Property reference (Parent Topic)</u>

Knx Device/Comms Connections/Tunnel Conn/Data End Point/Comms Counters

Property	Value	Description
Invalid Frame Headers (hidden)	0, 1, 2 max	Invalid Frame Headers (read-only).
Rx Own Packets Ignored (hidden)	0, 1, 2 max	Rx Own Packets Ignored (read-only).
Packets Sent (hidden)	0, 1, 2 max	Packets Sent (read-only).
Packets Received (hidden)	0, 1, 2 max	Packets Received (read-only).

Communications statistics counters for the Data End Point. By default, this is a hidden folder.

Related Links

• Property reference (Parent Topic)

Knx Device/Comms Connections/Tunnel Conn/Comms Counters

Communications statistics counters for the Tunnel Connection. By default, this is a hidden folder.

Property	Value	Description
Rx Frames Lost Queue Full (hidden)	0, 1, 2 max	Rx Frames Lost Queue Full (read-only). You can monitor the success or otherwise of received data by inspecting this counter. Depending on the number and frequency of lost Rx Frames , you can try increasing the Maximum Received Packets Que Size (see <u>Knx Device/Comms</u> <u>Connections/Tunnel Conn</u>) in steps of 50, until no more Rx Frames are being lost.
Rx Frames Lost No Packet Worker (hidden)	0, 1, 2 max	Rx Frames Lost No Packet Worker (hidden)
Frames Received (hidden)	0, 1, 2 max	Frames Received (read-only).
Frames Received Wrong Source IP Address (hidden)	0, 1, 2 max	Frames Received Wrong Source IP Address (read- only).
Invalid Frames Received (hidden)	0, 1, 2 max	Invalid Frames Received (read-only).
Closed Because All Clients Unregistered (hidden)	0, 1, 2 max	Closed Because All Clients Unregistered (read-only).
Closed Because Rx Packet Queue Size Changed (hidden)	0, 1, 2 max	Closed Because Rx Packet Queue Size Changed (read-only).
Closed Because Connection State Response Timeout (hidden)	0, 1, 2 max	Closed Because Connection State Response Timeout (read-only).

Property	Value	Description
Closed Because Connections Processor Stopping (hidden)	0, 1, 2 max	Closed Because Connections Processor Stopping (read-only).
Good Ack Received (hidden)	0, 1, 2 max	Good Ack Received (read-only).
Rx Wrong Service Type Frames (hidden)	0, 1, 2 max	Rx Wrong Service Type Frames (read-only).
Closed Because Ack Error Received (hidden)	0, 1, 2 max	Closed Because Ack Error Received (read-only).
Closed Because No Ack Received (hidden)	0, 1, 2 max	Closed Because No Ack Received (read-only).
Ack Frames Sent (hidden)	0, 1, 2 max	Ack Frames Sent (read-only).
Request Frames Sent (hidden)	0, 1, 2 max	Request Frames Sent (read-only).
Rx Frames With Wrong Channel Id (hidden)	0, 1, 2 max	Rx Frames With Wrong Channel Id (read-only).
Rx Frames Correct Sequence Number (hidden)	0, 1, 2 max	Rx Frames Correct Sequence Number (read-only).
Rx Frames Repeated Sequence Number (hidden)	0, 1, 2 max	Rx Frames Repeated Sequence Number (read-only).
Rx Frames Wrong Sequence Number (hidden)	0, 1, 2 max	Rx Frames Wrong Sequence Number (read-only).
Closed Because Debug Rx Wrong Sequence Number (hidden)	0, 1, 2 max	Closed Because Debug Rx Wrong Sequence Number (read-only).
Rx Ack Frames (hidden)	0, 1, 2 max	Rx Ack Frames (read-only).
Rx Unknown Channel Sub Service (hidden)	0, 1, 2 max	Rx Unknown Channel Sub Service (read-only).
Good Confirm Received (hidden)	0, 1, 2 max	Good Confirm Received (read-only).
Error Confirm Received (hidden)	0, 1, 2 max	Error Confirm Received (read-only).
No Confirm Received (hidden)	0, 1, 2 max	No Confirm Received (read-only).

• Property reference (Parent Topic)

Knx Proxy Ext

This Proxy Ext is common to all points, both Read and Write types of Boolean, Numeric, String and Enum.

All **KNXnet/IP proxy extension** types (KnxBooleanProxyExt, KnxNumericProxyExt, KnxStringProxyExt and KnxEnumProxyExt) share the same set of configuration properties. Any instance of any of the **KNXnet/IP proxy extension** types is a proxy for one or more group address in a KNX Installation.

The **KNXnet/IP proxy extension** types take on the readable-writable personality of the control point they are attached to. For example, a KnxNumericProxyExt, when used as an extension on a NumericPoint has read only functionality, but when used on as an extension on a NumericWritable can read and write the attribute values.

The **KNXnet/IP proxy extension** types are the point-level component in the Niagara architecture.

Туре	Value	Description
Status	read-only	<pre>Indicates the condition of the component at the last check. {ok} indicates that the component is licensed and polling successfully. {down} indicates that the last check was unsuccessful, perhaps because of an incorrect property, or possibly loss of network connection. {disabled} indicates that the Enable property is set to false. {fault} indicates another problem. Refer to Fault Cause for more information.</pre>
Fault Cause	read-only	Indicates the reason why a system object (network, device, component, extension, etc.) is in fault. This property is empty unless a fault exists.
Enabled	true or false	Enables or Disables communication to the associated device from the KNXnet/IP driver.
Device Facets		
Conversion		
Tuning Policy Name		
Read Value		
Write Value		
KNX ID		
Group Addresses		A list of group addresses from which the value of this proxy extension can be updated. The first group address in the list is the primary group address and cannot be deleted, but can be edited. The primary group address is the address to which any read or write request will be directed from this proxy extension. The remaining group addresses are used to update the proxy extension output value whenever a message is received from any of these addresses.
Data Value Type ID		

Туре	Value	Description
Poll Enable	true or false	Enable or Disable to add/remove the group address(es) configured on this proxy extension, to the Poll Scheduler. Note that in KNX, a group address will respond to a read request only if it is configured to do so, so for group addresses where there is no bus device configured to send the value in response to a read, it would make sense to not poll the group address. In other cases, it may simply be desired to not put additional traffic on the bus if not absolutely necessary.
Poll once on subscribed	true or false	This is used to force a poll whenever the point enters a subscribed state, such as when a user views it on a point list. If enabled, the resulting poll is independent, and will occur independently of any other poll setting (for instance, it will occur even if Poll Enabled is false, or if the Poll Scheduler rate is zero or disabled.) The behavior can be modified by the Poll Until Answer Received On Poll Once property.
Poll once on operational	true or false	This is used to force a poll whenever the point status changes from disabled to enabled, or down to up, or fault to noFault. If enabled, the resulting poll is independent, and will occur independently of any other poll setting (for instance, it will occur even if Poll Enabled is false, or if the Poll Scheduler rate is zero or disabled.) The behavior can be modified by the Poll Until Answer Received On Poll Once property.
Poll until answer after poll once	true or false	If Poll Once On Subscribed or Poll Once On Operational are set to true, then if this value is also set to true, the poll once behavior is modified to poll until one valid value is received instead of poll once and forget. This has the effect of subscribing the point to the poll scheduler until such time as the point receives data addressed to the first group address in the list provided the value is a valid value for this point type. When these conditions are satisfied, the point is unregistered from the poll scheduler.
Poll after write	true or false	This is independent of the Poll Enable property. It is used to enable or disable a poll for a value after a write.
Poll frequency	Fast,Normal, or Slow	Poll rates are determined by the Poll Scheduler settings.

• Property reference (Parent Topic)

FAQ's

ETS Bus Connection

Does the 'Bus Connection' property require configuration in ETS?

Address	4
Description	
	1
Status	
Unknown	اب
Medium	4
ТР	-
Bus Connection	1
None	-
and the destination	and the second second

No. It is not necessary to configure the **Bus Connection** property in ETS in order to import devices from an exported ETS Project file.

Related Links

• FAQ's (Parent Topic)

ETS Different Projects

Can I Discover points from different ETS projects and add them to the same Niagara Device?

Yes you can. You can also add points from different projects which use different **Group Address Style** strategies. In this example, points from projects with Two Level, Three Level and Free Group Address Styles are all added into the same Niagara Device.

Database							
Name	Туре	Out	Tuning Policy Name	KNX ID	Primary Group Address	Data Value Type ID	Poll Enable
🕜 Floor 1	Knx Point Folder						
📸 Lighting Control	Knx Point Folder						
Centre Light (1A)	Boolean Point	false {ok}	defaultPolicy	P-0947-0_GA-1	2048	DPST-1-1	false
Desk Light (1B)	Boolean Point	true {ok}	defaultPolicy	P-0947-0_GA-2	2049	DPST-1-1	false
Circuit A	Boolean Point	false {ok}	defaultPolicy	P-0946-0_GA-3	1/256	DPST-1-1	false
Circuit B	Boolean Point	true {ok}	defaultPolicy	P-0946-0_GA-4	1/257	DPST-1-1	false 4
Circuit C	Boolean Point	true {ok}	defaultPolicy	P-0946-0_GA-5	1/258	DPST-1-1	false
Circuit D	Boolean Point	false {ok}	defaultPolicy	P-0946-0_GA-6	1/259	DPST-1-1	false
🕜 HVAC Controls	Knx Point Folder						
Room Temperature	Numeric Point	27.3 {ok}	defaultPolicy	P-0945-0_GA-7	1/2/0	DPST-9-1	false
Setpoint	Numeric Point	23.0 {ok}	defaultPolicy	P-0945-0_GA-8	1/2/1	DPST-9-1	true ,
Control Output	Boolean Point	false {stale}	defaultPolicy	P-0945-0_GA-9	1/2/2	DPST-1-1	false 🔹
Operating Mode	Boolean Point	false {stale}	defaultPolicy	P-0945-0_GA-10	1/2/3	DPST-1-1	false
Frost Protection	Boolean Point	false {stale}	defaultPolicy	P-0945-0_GA-11	1/2/4	DPST-1-1	false 1
🔍 Niaht Mede	Boolean Point	fale " Setale	def olicy	-0945-0 -GA-12	and a second second		false

• FAQ's (Parent Topic)

ETS Project Password

A password protected dialogue is presented when I try to discover Devices and Points. Why is this and what Password do I enter?

Password protected '.knxproj' file
Password •••••••

The KNX ETS tool has the capability of exporting a project with a Password and it can only be opened by the KNXnet/IP driver if the correct credentials are presented. You will need to enter the same password that was used in the project setup of ETS.

Related Links

• FAQ's (Parent Topic)

KNXnet/IP Interface device

What is a KNXnet/IP Interface device?

A **KNXnet/IP Interface device** is a hardware device which supports KNXnet/IP Tunnelling only. A single interface, such as the **Weinzierl 730** and the **Siemens N 148/22** may support multiple KNXnet/IP Tunnelling connections. These devices can have simultaneous tunnelling connections which are managed by defining multiple KNX individual device addresses on the device. In the KNXnet/IP driver, this is called the **Individual Device Address** and allows the KNX network to be accessed by both ETS and the KNXnet/IP driver.

• FAQ's (Parent Topic)

KNXnet/IP Router device

What is a KNXnet/IP Router device?

A **KNXnet/IP Router device** is a hardware device which supports both KNXnet/IP Tunnelling and KNXnet/IP Routing connections as well as having the filter table to allow the device to perform as a coupler. Some KNXnet/IP Routers, such as the **Siemens N 146/02** allow multiple Tunnelling connections as well.

Related Links

• FAQ's (Parent Topic)

KNXnet/IP device address

What KNXnet/IP device address information does the KNX driver need and how does it obtain it?

The two primary KNXnet/IP device types are **Interfaces** and **Routers**. There are three addresses the KNXnet/IP driver needs to communicate with either of these device types:

- **Ip Address**: Obtained from the KNXnet/IP device either over the KNX network using the KNXnet/IP driver's **Search Network For Devices** feature or by **Manual** data entry.
- **Control Port Number**: Obtained from the KNXnet/IP device either over the KNX network using the KNXnet/IP driver's **Search Network For Devices** feature or by **Manual** data entry or by **default**.

NOTE: The default Control Port Number is 3671.

 Individual Device Address: Obtained from the KNXnet/IP device either over the KNX network using the KNXnet/IP driver's Search Network For Devices feature or by Manual data entry or by using the KNXnet/IP driver's Import Devices from knxproj file

NOTE: Manual data entry is not available in v29 of the KNXnet/IP driver.

The KNXnet/IP driver's **Search Network For Devices** (**Device Discovery**) feature uses a **Multicast** connection.

NOTE: If both the **Ip Address** and **Control Port Number** are known by the KNXnet/IP driver, then it will not initiate a **Search Request** via a **Multicast** connection.

Related Links

• FAQ's (Parent Topic)

KNXnet/IP device — Multicast

Does the KNX driver support KNXnet/IP devices which do not support Multicast?

Yes, providing the **Ip Address** and **Control Port Number** are known to the KNXnet/IP driver. They can both be entered **Manually**.

NOTE: Multicast connection support is part of the Core: KNXnet/IP service, which is mandatory for all certified KNXnet/IP devices.

Related Links

• FAQ's (Parent Topic)

KNXnet/IP Tunnelling FAQ

Related Links

• FAQ's (Parent Topic)

KNXnet/IP Tunnel Connection — Control

What maintains the 'Tunnel Connection'?

The **Control End Point** is used to connect, maintain and disconnect the **Tunnel Connection**. To be more precise, **Control** of the Tunnel Connection is the **only** thing the **Control End Point** does. The **Control End Point** sees very little traffic, only 2 or 3 messages to connect or disconnect and 1 or 2 messages per minute to maintain the connection.



The **Maximum Received Packets Que Size** (see <u>Knx Device/Comms Connections</u>) controls the size of the **Control End Point's** receive queue and it has a default of 5. If this value were too small, there would be an indication of **lost** frames in the hidden **Rx Frames Lost Queue Full** Communications Counter (see <u>Knx Device/Comms Connections/Comms Counters</u>).

<u> </u>	Connection	on Method	Tunnellin	<u>an an a</u>	لا مریکیت
Ξ	Comms C	onnections	Connections		
	🗆 🔘 Maxir	num Received Pack	ets Que Size	5	[2 - max]
	🕀 🔘 Cont	rol End Point		End Point: state=Ope	n
	🖂 🔘 Comr	ns Counters		Connections Comms C	ounters
		tx Frames Lost Que	ue Full	0	
	🗆 🔘 R	tx Frames Lost No F	Packet Worker	0	
	🗆 🔘 Indu	de In Trace		🔘 true 🔻	
	H 🔍 🗛	متحدث وروضاء	and the second	Transformance tion	Same and

• FAQ's (Parent Topic)

KNXnet/IP Tunnel Connection — Data

Which queue is used for data through the 'Tunnel Connection'?

The Maximum Received Packets Que Size (see Knx Device/Comms Connections/Tunnel Conn) controls the size of the Tunnel Connection's Data End Point receive queue. All Group Address messages pass through this queue and End Point so it is much busier than the Control End Point (see KNXnet/IP Tunnel Connection — Control). Because it handles more traffic, its default queue size of 50 is larger than that of the Control End Point.

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	Ξ	0	Cor	mms Connections		Connections				4
			0	Maximum Received	Pack	ets Que Size	5		[2	- max]
		÷	\bigcirc	Control End Point			En	d Point: state=Op	en	
		÷	0	Comms Counters			Co	nnections Comms	Cour	nters
			0	Include In Trace) true 🔻		
		Ξ	\bigcirc	Tunnel Conn			Tu	nnel Connection		
				Maximum Rece	ived F	Packets Que Si	ze	50		[2 - max]
		1		Inter Message	Delay	1		15		ms [15 - 5000]
			÷	Remote Control	ol Hpa	i		Knx Hpai		
	مند		Ð,	O Data End Point		~~~~	<u>.</u>	End Point: state	=Clo	sed and and a

Unlike the **Group Data Operation Queue** (see <u>The 'Read' queue is full</u>), the necessary size of this queue doesn't depend on the number and frequency of Control Point polling. Instead it depends on how quickly the KNXnet/IP driver can process incoming messages, which in turn depends on the overall CPU usage in the Platform.

You can monitor the success or otherwise of received data by inspecting the **Rx Frames Lost Queue Full** counter in the hidden Communications Counters (see <u>Knx Device/Comms Connections/Tunnel</u> <u>Conn/Comms Counters</u>). Depending on the number and frequency of lost **Rx Frames**, you can try increasing the **Maximum Received Packets Que Size** in steps of 50, until no more **Rx Frames** are being lost.

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	Ξ 🔘	Tunnel Conn	Tunnel Connection	*
		Maximum Received Packets Que Size	50 [2 - max	d 💈
		Inter Message Delay	15 ms [15	- 5000]
	÷	Remote Control Hpai	Knx Hpai	2
han	Ð	O Data End Point	End Point: state=Closed	- mark
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	~~~~	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	man man	manne
		Confirmation Timeout	00000h 00m 03s	5
	Ξ	Comms Counters	Tunnel Connection Comms Cou	inters
		Rx Frames Lost Queue Full	0	
		Rx Frames Lost No Packet Work	er 0	
مەسى ا		Frames Received	90	

• FAQ's (Parent Topic)

KNXnet/IP Routing

#### What is KNXnet/IP Routing?

**KNXnet/IP Routing** is a **Multicast**-based telegram, which allows a KNXnet/IP router to perform the function of a line or area coupler. This means the backbone of a KNX system can be Ethernet-based, allowing a much higher speed of transmission and more flexibility when installing. The KNXnet/IP router will also manage a filter table to manage the flow of traffic where needed.

The KNXnet/IP driver does not support KNXnet/IP Routing.

#### **Related Links**

• FAQ's (Parent Topic)

KNXnet/IP driver conflict

## Can I have both the KNXnet/IP driver and EIBnet/IP driver running in my Niagara station?

No. There is an absolute certainty of conflict between the **KNXnet/IP driver** and the older **EIBnet/IP driver** if they are running concurrently. If there is an **EIBnet/IP driver** in the Niagara station then it must be deleted from the station before the **KNXnet/IP driver** is enabled.

#### **Related Links**

• FAQ's (Parent Topic)

KNX data request rate

#### What controls the rate of KNX data requests from the driver?

The Inter Message Delay (see Knx Device/Comms Connections/Tunnel Conn) setting in the Tunnel Connection exists to 'pace' the out-going data requests from the driver. This can be used to reduce the rate of data requests in cases where a KNXnet/IP Interface device cannot cope with the traffic volume, caused possibly by its implementation settings or by its operating speed. The Inter Message Delay default setting of minimum 15ms has proved successful with Siemens interface devices. Any problems arising from this being set too small would manifest as Control Points intermittently having a Read Fault: Timed out waiting for L_Data_con fault condition.

No	فالرجع		Land and a start	· [ <del>2</del>		ast and and
	Θ 🤇	) Con	nms Connections	Connections		
		0	Maximum Received Pack	ets Que Size	5	[2 - max]
	(±		Control End Point		End Point: state=Ope	n
	Œ	0	Comms Counters		Connections Comms C	ounters
		I 🔘	Include In Trace		🔘 true 🔻	1
	E		Tunnel Conn		Tunnel Connection	
			Maximum Received P	ackets Que Size	= 50	[2 - max]
			Inter Message Delay		15	ms [15 - 5000]
		Ŧ	Remote Control Hpai		Knx Hpai	
		, E	🔘 Data End Point		Fod Point: state=	Closed

Each **out-going data request** actually involves 6 packets travelling between the **KNXnet/IP driver** and the **KNXnet/IP Interface** as follows:

- Request from KNXnet/IP driver to KNXnet/IP Interface
- Acknowledgement from KNXnet/IP Interface to KNXnet/IP driver
- Confirmation from KNXnet/IP Interface to KNXnet/IP driver
- Acknowledgement from KNXnet/IP driver to KNXnet/IP Interface
- Reply from KNXnet/IP Interface to KNXnet/IP driver
- Acknowledgement from KNXnet/IP driver to KNXnet/IP Interface

This appears as several flashes on the KNXnet/IP Interface's LEDs.

NOTE: There is an important difference in the implementation of **Inter Message Delay** between the **KNXnet/IP driver** and the **EIBnet/IP driver**. In the **EIBnet/IP driver** the **Inter Message Delay** was applied between **all** out-going messages, including 'Acknowledgements' and **all** connection control messages. In the **KNXnet/IP driver** the **Inter Message Delay** is **only** applied between **data request messages**.

#### **Related Links**

• FAQ's (Parent Topic)

KNX network — Duplicate

#### Can I have more than one KNX network in my Niagara station?

No. There can only be one KnxNetwork in a station.

Driver Manager				
Name	Туре	Status	Enabled	Fault Cause
iagaraNetwork	Niagara Network	{ok}	true	4
C KnxNetwork	Knx Network	{unackedAlarm}	true	4
KnxNetwork1	Knx Network	{fault}	true	Duplicate KnxNetwork
Sanada, Marana Antanad	ha she was had a state of the		the second	American Maria

• FAQ's (Parent Topic)

KNX traffic overload protection

## How does the driver prevent communications traffic swamping the KNX twisted pair line?

The KNXnet/IP driver prevents the KNX twisted pair line from being swamped with traffic, by controlling the number of concurrently **active** Group Address Read Operations and is set by the **Max Pending Reads** property in the **Group Data Manager** (see <u>Knx Device/Group Data Manager</u>). The term **active** in this context, means that a particular **Group Address Read Operation** has firstly reached the head of the **Group Data Operation Queue** (see <u>The 'Read' queue is full</u>) and secondly, the Communications Stack has sent an L_Data_req message to the KNXnet/IP device and received an L_Data_con reply, but has not yet received a corresponding L_Data_ind message.

The default value of **Max Pending Reads** is 4 but unfortunately, there is no clear guidance in the KNX Specs as to what an acceptable **Max Pending Reads** value should be, however having this value too small would **not** cause a <u>The 'Read' queue is full</u> fault.

Ξ	0	Group Data Manager	Group	Data Manage	er			
	Ξ	🎒 L Data Worker		Knx Worker				
		🗆 🔘 Max Queue Size	50					
		Hop Count		6		[0 - 7]	_	
		Max Pending Reads		4		[1 - 10]		
		Read Before Write Timeo	out	00000h 00	m 00.5	500s÷[	100ms - 6secs]	

## **Related Links**

• FAQ's (Parent Topic)

Multicast

### Does the KNXnet/IP driver support Multicast?

The term **Multicast** can apply to both **IP Multicast** and the KNX **point-to-multi-point, connection-less** (multicast) **Transport Layer communication mode**.

In the case of **IP Multicast**, the KNXnet/IP driver does support it in order to facilitate **Device Discovery** on the network.

NOTE: The default IP Multicast Address is 224.0.23.12..

With regard to the KNX **point-to-multi-point, connection-less (multicast) Transport Layer communication mode**, the KNXnet/IP driver inherently supports this communication mode in so far as it makes use of the A_GroupValue_Read-PDU, A_GroupValue_Response-PDU and A_GroupValue_Write-PDU **Application Layer services** which are only supported using this communication mode.

#### **Related Links**

• FAQ's (Parent Topic)

Proxy Routing

#### What is Proxy Routing?

The KNXnet/IP driver is unable to directly support the **KNXnet/IP Routing** Service. **Proxy Routing** is a mechanism we have introduced to provide the following:

- To enable the KNXnet/IP driver to communicate with KNXnet/IP Router devices whose IP subnet differs from the Niagara Host IP subnet.
- To allow the KNXnet/IP driver to communicate with multiple KNXnet/IP Router devices without using up a KNXnet/IP Tunnelling connection in each KNXnet/IP Router.

**Proxy Routing** relies on configuring a **KNXnet/IP device** in the Niagara Station using a **KNXnet/IP Tunnelling** connection to one **KNXnet/IP Router** device which has the same IP subnet address as the Niagara Host. The **KNXnet/IP Router** device's filtering needs to be configured to allow it to route messages from the **KNXnet/IP Tunnelling** connection to other **KNXnet/IP Router** devices and viceversa.

The other **KNXnet/IP Router** devices can then be configured as **KNXnet/IP devices** in the Niagara Station with their **Connection Method** property set to **Proxy Routing** and their Proxy Device address and other connection properties set to the **KNXnet/IP device** which was configured to use the **KNXnet/IP Tunnelling** connection described above.

#### **Related Links**

• FAQ's (Parent Topic)

Points in Fault — KNXnet/IP Interface

Why, when discovered points are added to the Database, are they in {fault}?

Database					
Name	Туре	Out	Tuning Policy Name	KNX ID	Grou
C Accomodation	Knx Point Folder				
MVAC Controls	Knx Point Folder				
Occupancy Sensor Input	Boolean Point	Off {fault,stale}	defaultPolicy	P-0953-0_GA-12	4/0/3
Local Temperature Sensor - Output	Numeric Point	30.48 °C {fault}	defaultPolicy	P-0953-0_GA-53	4/0/4
Occupancy Mode	Numeric Point	0 {fault,stale}	defaultPolicy	P-0953-0_GA-10	4/0/1
C External Inputs	Knx Point Folder				
Digital Input D1 - Output	Boolean Point	Off {fault,stale}	defaultPolicy	P-0953-0_GA-55	4/1/4
A Dipital Insert D2- Output	Roolean Prict	Off {fault,stale}	defaultPoli	P-0953-0. 64-56	4/1/

One of the many reasons why points can go to a {fault} condition, relates to the **R1** firmware revision of the **Siemens N 148/22** KNXnet/IP Interface device. It may also occur with other KNXnet/IP Interface devices.

The problem is caused by the KNXnet/IP Interface device failing to respond with an **Acknowledge** message although message confirmation has been requested by the KNXnet/IP driver.

You may also observe that the **Fault Cause** property of the **Point Proxy Extension** indicates Read fault: confirmation — Confirm Timed Out.

Proxy Ext (Knx Numeric Proxy Ext)		7
🗆 🔘 Status	{fault,stale}	7
Fault Cause	Read fault: confirmation - Confirm Timed Out	
O Enabled	🔘 true 🔻	3
Oevice Facets	precision=0 » 🧐 -	3

One way to overcome this problem is to upgrade the **R1** firmware revision level of the **Siemens N 148/22** KNXnet/IP Interface device (or any other KNXnet/IP Interface device). However, it is beyond the scope of this document to detail the steps to accomplish this but it is believed that manufacturers of KNXnet/IP Interface devices do provide tools and guidance to upgrade their firmware.

Another way to overcome the problem, is available within the KNXnet/IP driver. To do this, the KNXnet/IP driver must be configured not to request an acknowledgement to its messages. This can be configured by using a hidden property in the **Tunnel Connection** of the KNXnet/IP driver. (see <u>Knx</u> <u>Device/Comms Connections/Tunnel Conn</u>).

Unhide the **requestAcknowledgements** slot of the **Knx Network / Knx Device / Comms Connections / Tunnel Conn**.

Slot	#	Name	Display Name	Definition	Flags	Туре
Property	0	maximumReceivedPacketsQueSize	Maximum Received Packets Que Size	Frozen		baja:Integer
Property	1	interMessageDelay	Inter Message Delay	Frozen		baja:Integer
ham-m	~~~	man man man and and and and and and and and and a	and the second s	$\sim$	m	man and a marked and a second
O Property	10	individualAddress	Individual Address	Frozen	rt	knxnetIp:IndividualDeviceAddress
Property	11	confirmationTimeout	Confirmation Timeout	Frozen	r	baja:RelTime
Property	12	commsCounters	Comms Counters	Frozen	hN	knxnetIp:ConnectionCommsCounters
Property	13	requestAcknowledgements	Request Acknowledgements	Frozen	h	baja:Boolean

Change the **Request Acknowledgements** property to false.

	+	Ø	Points	Knx Point Device Ext	1
		0	Connection Method	Tunnelling 🔻	
	Ξ	0	Comms Connections	Connections	1
			Maximum Received Pack	ets Que Size 5 [2 - max	1
		ŧ	Control End Point	End Point: state=Open	
		Ξ	🔘 Tunnel Conn	Tunnel Connection	
ma		~	mamana	- man man man	m)
~	m	~	O Individual Address	5.1.1	N
		_	🔲 🔘 Confirmation Timeou	ut 00000h 00m 03s	1
			🗆 🔘 Request Acknowledg	gements Stalse V	Į,

• FAQ's (Parent Topic)

Points in Fault — Unsolicited

# Why do some points randomly change state between {stale} and/or {fault} and {ok}?

Database											
Name	Туре	Out	Tuning Policy Name	KNX ID	Group						
C Accomodation	Knx Point Folder										
HVAC Controls	Knx Point Folder										
Occupancy Sensor Input	Boolean Point	Off {fault,stale}	defaultPolicy	P-0953-0_GA-12	4/0/3						
Local Temperature Sensor - Output	Numeric Point	29.84 °C {ok}	defaultPolicy	P-0953-0_GA-53	4/0/44						
Occupancy Mode	Numeric Point	0 {fault,stale}	defaultPolicy	P-0953-0_GA-10	4/0/1>						
C External Inputs	Knx Point Folder				2						
💿 Digital Input D1 - Output	Boolean Point	Off {fault,stale}	defaultPolicy	P-0953-0_GA-55	4/1/4c						
Q. Diaital Inaut 02/ Output	Poolean Roint	Off (fault stahl A	defaultPolicon //	P-0953 A GA -56	4/1/						

If after appropriate time-outs, the KNXnet/IP driver, fails to receive requested data from the KNX device, points will go to a {fault} and/or {stale} state.

If the KNX device subsequently transmits data, for example a change of state or value, then this unsolicited message is received by the KNXnet/IP driver thereby causing a change of proxy point status.

#### **Related Links**

• FAQ's (Parent Topic)

Stale points — KNX project

## Why, when discovered points are added to the Database, some are {stale} and some are not?

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Circuit D	Boolean Writable	Off {ok} @ 2	defaultPolicy	P-0945-0_GA-6	1/1/3	DPST-1-1	false
MVAC Controls	Knx Point Folder						
Room Temperature	Numeric Point	28.32 °C {ok}	defaultPolicy	P-0945-0_GA-7	1/2/0	DPST-9-1	false
Setpoint	Numeric Writable	21.04 °C {ok} @ def	defaultPolicy	P-0945-0_GA-8	1/2/1	DPST-9-1	true
Control Output	Boolean Point	Off {ok}	defaultPolicy	P-0945-0_GA-9	1/2/2	DPST-1-1	false
Operating Mode	Boolean Writable	Off {stale} @ def	defaultPolicy	P-0945-0_GA-10	1/2/3	DPST-1-1	false
Frost Protection	Boolean Writable	Off {stale} @ def	defaultPolicy	P-0945-0_GA-11	1/2/4	DPST-1-1	false
Night Mode	Boolean Writable	Off {stale} @ def	defaultPolicy	P-0945-0_GA-12	1/2/5	ORST-1-1	false

One of the many reasons why points can go to a {stale} state relates to the ETS project file.

When points are added to the Database from a ETS project file, their **Subscription** properties are automatically configured according to which **Communications Flags** are set in the ETS project, for the KNX Device's **Group Objects** which are associated with the point's **Group Address**.

If a **Group Address** has at least one KNX **Device Group Object** associated with it that has its **Read Communication Flag** property enabled then the **Poll once on subscribed**, **Poll once on operational** and **Poll until answer after poll once** properties are set to true. This will trigger an immediate poll of the **Group Address** (because this view is itself subscribed to the point).

If a **Group Address** has no associated KNX **Device Group Objects** that have their **Read Communication Flag** enabled then its **Subscription** properties will all be set to false by default. The value will however be updated (and become not {stale}) in the KNXnet/IP driver when any subsequent unsolicited messages regarding the **Group Address** are received from the KNX system.

Here are the **Communications Flags** settings for some of the points in the example shown above:

NOTE: The **Control Output (Control value)** object has its Transmit flag set. This will cause an unsolicited message transmission from the KNX device.

Object *	Device	Sending Data Ty	e C	RV	VT	U	Product	Program	Fla	igs	
📭 9: Base setpoint - Telegr. te	emperature 5.1.10 Temperature Swi	tch 632 S	С	R W			6326-101 3f-triton-	sSwitch din	~	Communication	
									~	Read	
									~	Write	
										Transmit	
									~	Update	
										Read On Init	
l-Anarchine	and the second second second second second	and a start and a start of the	<u>م</u> .				and a second base of the	Summer and a second		the and the second second	-

Object 🔺	Device	Sending	Data Type	C F	۲ N	wт	U	Product	Program	Fla	gs
🚅 7: Control value - Heat (switching)	5.1.10 Temperature Switch 632			C -				6326-101 3f-triton-s	Switch din	~	Communication
											Read
											Write
										~	Transmit
											Update
											Read On Init
Secure and the address of the second second	and the second second second second		-		<u>_</u>	<b>.</b>	~~~~	and the state of the same	all and a second	~D~	and the second

Object 🔻	Device	Sending	Data Type	С	R	w	Т	U	Product	Program	Fla	igs	
尾 3: Operation mode - comfort mode	5.1.10 Temperature Switch 632			С		w -			6326-101 3f-triton-s.	Switch din	~	Communication	- 📢
												Read	- 5
											~	Write	- 7
												Transmit	- 3
												Update	- 7
												Read On Init	- 2
والمحافظ وال	and the second second second		and and a	٨.,	to the			6. s	And a state of the second s	لمحصيتين		Anna part and	1

- FAQ's (Parent Topic)
  - The 'Read' queue is full

## Please explain the Read fault: The 'Read' queue is full?

This fault occurs whenever an attempt is made to enqueue (add an item to a queue) a read request of a particular **GroupAddress**, where the queue is already full and the **GroupAddress** in question is not already in the queue. The queue in question is the **Group Data Operation Queue** (see <u>Knx Device/</u><u>Group Data Manager</u>) which holds a list of **Group Data Operations** (GroupAddress reads or writes) waiting to be started as soon as the communications stack is able.

The **Group Data Operation Queue** has its size exposed under the hidden **L Data Worker** child of the **Group Data Manager**, immediately preceding the **Hop Count** property and can be seen in the example below (see <u>Knx Device/Group Data Manager/L Data Worker</u>). The default value of the **Group Data Operation Queue** is 50.

Subject to how many **Group Addresses** are being polled and how often and the amount of available RAM, you could try increasing the value to 1000 to overcome the fault.

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÷	$\bigcirc$	D I Bs	Descri	ption Informatio	on Bloc	ks
	$\bigcirc$	Group Data Manager	Group	Data Manager		4
	Ξ	🍰 L Data Worker	E.	Knx Worker		
	ſ	🔲 🔘 Max Queue Size	50			
		Hop Count		6		[0 - 7]
		Max Pending Reads		4		[1 - 10]
مىسى)	. 🗆 -	Read Before Write Timeo	ut	00000 <u>0</u> , 00m	00,5	500g 📑 [100ms - 6secs]

### **Related Links**

• FAQ's (Parent Topic)

**UDP** ports

### Is the IP port adjustable?

This question is sometimes asked by IT departments who need control over the IP port usage on their network.

Protocol:

The KNX System specifications specifies that **UDP** (User Datagram Protocol) is used for KNXnet/IP connections rather than **TCP** (Transmission Control Protocol) and therefore the following commentary on **Ports** and **Messaging** is in relation to **UDP**.

#### Device and Driver Ports:

There are four logical **UDP ports** allocated for each tunnel connection between the KNXnet/IP driver and a KNXnet/IP Interface device. Two ports (one for Control and one for Data) are at the device and two ports are at the driver (Control and Data). The **Control port** is used for such activities such as 'Opening' and 'Closing' the connection and for 'Heart-Beat'. The **Data port** is used for Point Data.

#### Port numbers:

It is usual that **KNXnet/IP Interface devices** use port **3671** for both Control and Data but this may not always be the case. In the **KNXnet/IP driver**, the two ports it uses to communicate with the device are allocated dynamically when establishing and maintaining a connection. In this way, the driver can separate the messaging between multiple devices concurrently by allocating different port numbers. In the driver the Control and Data ports for each device will always be different.

#### Port number selection:

The port numbers used by the **KNXnet/IP Interface device** will be set by the ETS tool (providing that the device is able to be configured). The port numbers which are chosen dynamically by the **KNXnet/IP driver** for each **Local Interface** will be in a range between a port-minimum (0-65535) and port-maximum (0-65535). The default values of these are **3500** and **4000** although they can be changed during setup of the driver. (See <u>Knx Network/Local Interface</u>). Clearly if the range is reduced then this will start to restrict the number of potential device connections and ultimately if the range offers only one port number, the driver will not function because two ports is a minimum for each device connection.

#### Recycling port numbers:

When dynamically choosing a new port number, the **KNXnet/IP driver** will choose the next available port number by starting at the port-minimum (default setting) or by cycling through the range, this choice of behavior being selectable during setup of the driver. (See <u>Knx Network/Local Interface</u>).

#### **Related Links**

• FAQ's (Parent Topic)

Writing to Compound Structures

#### How does the KNXnet/IP driver write to a KNX 'Compound Structure' DPT?

The KNX standard specifies that some Datapoint Types (DPT) have **Compound Structures** where several data fields are contained within one DPT.

Datapoint Type 222.100 for example, is a DPT with 3 sets of Room Temperature Setpoints, each of which is a 16 bit-Float Value. The room temperature setpoint comfort (TempSetpComf), room temperature setpoint standby (TempSetpStdby) and room temperature setpoint economy (TempSetpEco) are all encoded within the same DPT.

From the standpoint of the Niagara driver data model, each of these fields is a separate proxy point but on the wire, KNX compounds them into one Group Address. When it writes to the group address the KNXnet/IP driver must therefore, first know the current value of every field before overwriting the DPT. To do this, the driver **reads** the whole Group Address before individually overwriting a data field. This behavior can be seen in the following ETS Group Monitor diagnostic of Group Address 7/1/0 which is a 222.100 DPT:

Me	niteur de grou	ipes			/~~~~	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	a Marana	V-1-,		~^	Array	a dining di kana mina di kana dan di kana da	فرعسور.
1	Démarrer	Stop	Nettoyer	Ouvri	r Sau	vegarder	Imprimer Rejou	er télégram	mes Options Aut	odéfilen	nent For	nctions de Groupe	
dre	esse de Groupe:	7/1/0	Data	point type:	222.100 n	oom tei 💌 V	aleur: 000000		Envoyer cycliquement	Délai (s	sec): (	0 Ecriture Lu Valeur reçue: 0C 1A 06 A4 0	05 DC
#	Heure		Service	Indicateurs	Prio	Source.adr	Source	Dest.adr	Dest	Rout	Туре [	DPT Info	
1	2016-12-08 1	3:41:00.757	du bus		Normal	15.15.255	•	7/1/0	Consigne Chaud Bât 4	6	Lecture		
2	2016-12-08 1	3:41:00.859	du bus		Normal	1.2.19	1.2.19 HALL V3000	7/1/0	Consigne Chaud Bât 4	6	Réponse 2	222.100 room temperature setpoint 00 00 00 00 00 00	
3	2016-12-08 1	3:41:00.905	du bus		Normal	15.15.255		7/1/0	Consigne Chaud Bât 4	6	Ecrire 2	222.100 room temperature setpoint 0C 1A 00 00 00 00	
4	2016-12-08 1	3:41:09.362	du bus		Normal	15.15.255		7/1/0	Consigne Chaud Bât 4	6	Lecture		
5	2016-12-08 1	3:41:09.464	du bus		Normal	1.2.19	1.2.19 HALL V3000	7/1/0	Consigne Chaud Bât 4	6	Réponse 2	222.100 room temperature setpoint 0C 1A 00 00 00 00	
6	2016-12-08 1	3:41:09.494	du bus		Normal	15.15.255		7/1/0	Consigne Chaud Bât 4	6	Ecrire 2	222.100 room temperature setpoint 0C 1A 06 A4 00 00	
7	2016-12-08 1	3:41:14.309	du bus		Normal	15.15.255		7/1/0	Consigne Chaud Bât 4	6	Lecture		
8	2016-12-08 1	3:41:14.467	du bus		Normal	1.2.19	1.2.19 HALL V3000	7/1/0	Consigne Chaud Bât 4	6	Réponse 2	222.100 room temperature setpoint 0C 1A 06 A4 00 00	
9	2016-12-08 1	3:41:14.495	du bus		Normal	15.15.255		7/1/0	Consigne Chaud Bât 4	6	Ecrire 2	222.100 room temperature setpoint 0C 1A 06 A4 05 DC	
10	2016-12-08 1	3:41:47.483	du bus		Normal	15.15.255	170	7/1/0	Consigne Chaud Bât 4	6	Lecture		
11	2016-12-08 1	3:41:47.581	du bus		Normal	1.2.19	1.2.19 HALL V3000	7/1/R	Consigne Chaud Bât 4	6	Réponse 2	222.100 room temperature setpoint 0C 1A 06 A4 05 DC	
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- Line 1: Read Group Address
- Line 2: Response Data 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
- Line 3: Write TempSetpComf Data 0C 1A 00 00 00 (Decimal 3098)
- Line 4: Read Group Address
- Line 5: Response Data 0C 1A 00 00 00 00
- Line 6: Write TempSetpStdby Data 0C 1A 06 A4 00 00 (Decimal 1700)
- Line 7: Read Group Address
- Line 8: Response Data 0C 1A 06 A4 00 00
- Line 9: Write TempSetpEco Data 0C 1A 06 A4 05 DC (Decimal 1500)
- Line 10: Read Group Address
- Line 11: Response Data OC 1A 06 A4 05 DC

#### **Related Links**

• FAQ's (Parent Topic)

## Glossary

## Glossary

BatiBUS	BatiBUS was an open field bus for home appliances control and communication. Now, after merging with two other protocols, it is part of the KNX standard
BMS	Building Management System
EHS	The European Home Systems (EHS) protocol was aimed at home appliances control and communication. Now, after merging with two other protocols, it is part of the KNX standard
EIB	The European Installation Bus or Instabus is a decentralised open system to manage and control electrical devices within a facility. Now, after merging with two other protocols, it is part of the KNX standard
ETS	The Engineering Tool Software (ETS) is a PC software tool which enables the design, engineering and configuration of installations based on KNX certified products. The tool, which is manufacturer independent, enables a system integrator to combine products from different manufacturers into one solution
ETS Project	An ETS Project consists of KNX devices and the links between them. It may also contain KNX catalog data. ETS Projects are managed and maintained by the ETS software tool
KNX	KNX is a worldwide Standard for control in both commercial and residential buildings
KNX device	KNX devices are KNX system components that are connected together by a two wire bus allowing them to exchange data. Some typical types of KNX devices are Sensors and Actuators.
KNX Installation	A KNX Installation comprises KNX devices which are accessible through a KNX IP device
KNXnet/IP driver	This is the Niagara KNXnet/IP driver supporting the KNX standard.
KNXnet/IP Routing	KNXnet/IP Routing is a multicast-based telegram, which allows a KNX IP router to perform the function of a line or area coupler.
KNXnet/IP Tunnelling	KNXnet/IP Tunnelling is the primary method of interfacing to a KNX system and allows for a point-to-point communication (unicast) from a single external device to the KNX system. This is akin to using a USB or Serial Interface.
OSI	The Open Systems Interconnection model (OSI model) is a conceptual model that standardizes the communications functions of a telecommunication or computer system without regard to their underlying internal structure and technology. Its goal is the interoperability of diverse communication systems with standard protocols